

2. Centre government's decision to regulate online gaming needs to protect economic rights and personal freedom. Analyse.

Centre has recently proposed framework to regulate online gaming through Draft amendment to Information Technology Rules 2021

Proposed measures

Self regulatory body, collection of know your customer from players appointment of Grievance redressal officer within company. These measures are welcomed by Industry.

Question yet to be answered

1. whether states have additional power for restriction of: Tamil Nadu wants strict regulation of online gaming.

2. still, gaming offline is regulated by outdated colonial Law - public Gaming Act, 1857 / State Law.

whether state has similar power to restrict games in online as like in offline.

3. Definition of 'online gaming' is limited, must be widened in future to include all gamings broadly

Issues with Economic rights personal freedom
Social imperatives

1. Gaming Industry - projected to grow with ^{users} > 630mm and generate > £290bn revenue according to KPMG - economic drivers of growth

2. whether game of skill / chance - both impact individuals & Society in short & long run

eg: Globally, effect of online game on young players repeating addictive cycles. Led China to restrict numbers of hours of play, daily.

Way forward

Government intends to promote gaming sector instead of hindering its growth. It also tends to regulate 'violent, sexual, addictive content' in online games in future. To achieve this, deliberative public consultation is required to achieve balance in Economic rights, personal freedom & social imperatives