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SS&IIR

1. Do you think that BIMSTEC group needs to shift its focus to agri-food trade policy? Comment

'Trade and investments' are major instruments of Food Security in response to climate change + post-pandemic world.
Bay of Bengal Initiative of Multisectoral Technical cooperation (BIMSTEC) grouping countries - increasingly demanding for agricultural cooperation, in this line.

(Concen.)

The grouping's performance \rightarrow Trade & integration in agri sector is subpar.

e.g. In total world trade \rightarrow grouping's trade - 4%

India regional trade \rightarrow \$70 bn (2021) L compared to ASEAN (Association of South-East Asian Nations)
\$600 bn.

(Potential)

1.8 bn population - 22% of world's population and
\$3.6 trillion combined gross domestic product [GDP]

The performance of Grouping is below potential.

(Challenges)

1. Lack of Internal Integration among the

countries adjacent to Bay of Bengal.

2. proliferation of Regional Arrangements of Region.

comprehensive economic partnership TRCEP)

3. Absence of Free Trade Area Agreement - reducing standardisation & testing - increasing costs & time in agri-trade

4. value chain integration & specialisation - will increase comparative advantage; But most countries within grouping - lacks specialisation.

5. Trade restrictions & changing trade policies - eg. Input & Export restriction, protectionist policies.

Measures

1. Liberalisation of policies - import & export.

Import competition - has potential to increase productivity & quality. \Rightarrow Automobile sector in India can be translated to agri-trade.

2. Strengthen value chain - Multidisciplinary & risk-based decision system, standardisation & testing - will increase food safety & health

Way forward

need for complete overhaul of agri-trade policies -

India opens & attributes like quality, health, etc., to ensure integration of grouping with agri-trade