

Voter number of question 19/07/2018	<p>In recent times, there is an argument that in order to restore public confidence, India need to go back to paper ballots. Do you agree with the view? Give some points in support of your view.</p> <p>The trust of the electorate on the fairness of electoral process is a major requirement for a democracy to survive and grow. The introduction of Electronic Voting Machine (EVM) is a progressive step in this regard. The issues concerning the EVM's are Hacking, Spear phishing, Machines tampering through Hardware replacement or Software malfunction, etc..</p> <p>In this regard it can be observed that EVMs cannot be hacked as they are stand alone machine with no data connectivity. And the Machines are placed at discreet and protected location, thus physical tampering i.e both hardware and software is not possible.</p> <p>The Election Commission has introduced the VVPAT (Voter-Verifiable paper audit trail) so that an unbiased cross verification of the Voter is possible. The election Commission has also withdrawn the proposal to link Voter ID with Aadhar to avoid any type</p>	<small>Candidates must not write on this margin</small>
प्रश्न की संख्या लीजिए		समीदवारों को इस हारिए में जहीं रिक्तना बाहिए

data phishing of Voter data and manipulation of Voter database.

In case of EVMs there is no chance of recounting as in case of Paper ballot which involves manual errors. Moreover ~~EVS~~ EVMs are environment friendly, Safe and Secure.

Therefore reverting back to paper ballot is a safe option only when there is a proper guarding of booth and the electoral awareness reaches a satisfactory level. Thus staying with EVMs is better when compared to paper ballots.