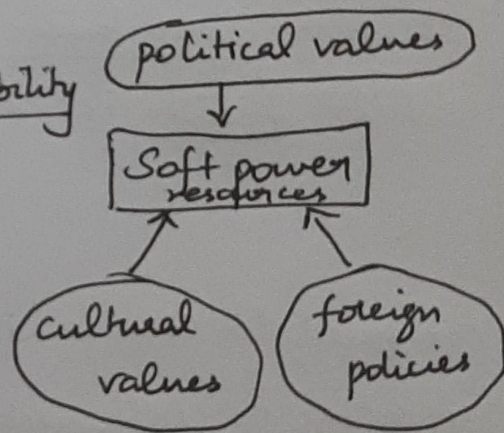


In the context of softpower, India and China remains equally competitive in the arena of international politics. Do you agree with this view? Comment (200 Words)

India is a country which dealt all nations relation with its softpower since Independence. Initially in post world war period it followed Non Alignment policy contributing to world peace. Also it helped several nations for their independence in South East Asia.

Try Being a face of Asia, both India and China are competing since the post cold war period. Soft Power has been the go to approach by both nations.

Soft power is the ability of country to persuade other countries through these resources and make them do what ~~they~~ it wants.



Political Values

→ Both nations are not far apart in Governance effectiveness index. The issues like NRC, CAA and their effects worldwide pushed India down with China having upper hand in Ranking

Cultural Values

→ India being culturally diverse than any other country still it has only 37 UNESCO Heritage sites while China has 53. China also surpassed India by a large margin in institutional education for foreigners and Tourism by around 0.2 million and 45 million respectively.

Foreign Policies

→ In Diplomatic arena China still have upper hand over India. Eg: It has more number of embassies established around the world (China-176 > India-126). It also contributes around 12% of UN Capital budget while India is so small around 0.8% in contribution.

Though India's ranks are lower compared to China's in world indices, India is constantly spreading its influence around world. Eg: providing free vaccines to low income nations. India should also focus on its depleting neighbour relations to strengthen its softpower.