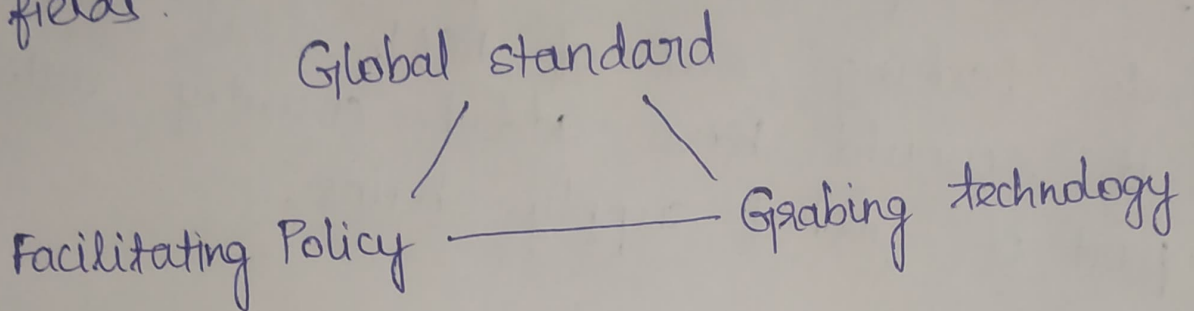


In the light of COVID-19 pandemic and strong anti-china sentiment over the world will leave India an another opportunity to become global exporter.

India needs to strengthen itself on 3 fields.



Global standard:

India is full member of Mutual Acceptance of Data in OECD facilitating its Good laboratory practices certifications & method acceptable in other member countries of OECD

Quality Council of India under DPIIT along with Department of Science & Tech looks over Good laboratory practices.

It is QCI which gives accreditation of GLP on companies.

But these are made voluntary in India for companies losing competitive edge with global exporters of others.

Policies:

- India is struggling to balance its domestic commitments and export to other countries.
- eg: Sugar & Onion ban on export eroded importing countries reliance on India
- Trade protectionist policy of India led to backing out of RCEP deal otherwise it would have added country with part of global supply chains.

Technology:

- Usage of Artificial Intelligence to bring out best on emerging sectors is necessary
- streamlining and broader implementation of Industrial revolution 4.0 needed and faster adoption of 5G for better ICT use.
- linking agri tech with FPO will add value.
- Globally the trend on food industry is changing to organic which needed to be utilize to double farmers income.

way forward:

India needs to analyse global trends on demand and adapt on efficiency of meeting this demand to become exporter of the world.