

The Indian geographical indication economy can be a platform for India to showcase to the world a model for comprehensive development in various ways. Explain.

- the geographical indication of products that are specific to India are recognised under the geographical indication of goods (registration and protection) act, 1999
- these products with GI tag help to add on to features like ethical capitalism, social entrepreneurship, deurbanisation and driving large women work force into the society.

#### How GI tags add value to the economy?

- the GI tags of products help to promote the heritage of India in the global market.
- Geographical indication of local products require the local communities to involve and hence better and efficient use of natural resources can be done and hence the biodiversity is preserved.
- the female participation in labour in 2019 is seen at 21% in India which is almost half of the global average at 49%.
- The MSME sectors also tend to benefit out of the recognition of products with GI tag. The MSME stands at 45% of exports of India and 31% of GDP of India. Hence more produce to GI tagged product would add more value to the economy.

→ GI tags also add on driving more entrepreneurs into the market and thereby also improving the employment to population ratio.

→ Finally, even tourism could be promoted as GI tags add more reputation to the location particular to the tag.

### Way forward

→ Hence we can see that geographical indication is definitely a platform for India to showcase comprehensive development through the field of AOP, employment, tourism and more exports.

→ A national regulatory framework along with the ministry of commerce can further help to strengthen the sector and promote the ideals of "make in India" at a global scale.