

## Daily Current Affairs Prelims Quiz - 23-11-2019 - (Online Prelims Test)

1) Consider the following statements with respect to Cartosat-3

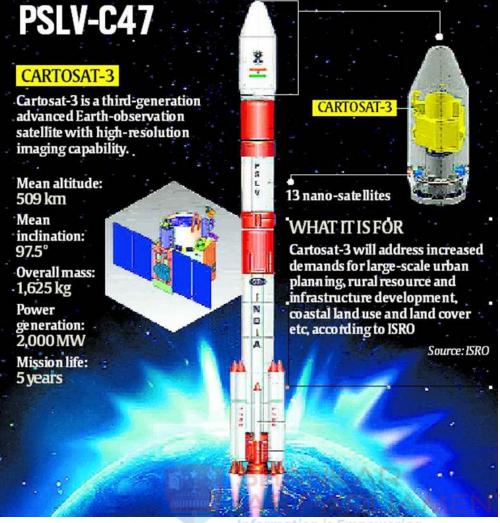
- 1. It is a third-generation advanced Space-observation satellite with high-resolution imaging capability.
- 2. It is the first dedicated Indian satellite aimed at studying celestial sources in X-ray, optical and UV spectral bands simultaneously.
- 3. It will be launched using PSLV C-47 rocket.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 3 only
- b. 1 and 2 only
- c. 1 and 3 only
- d. 1, 2 and 3

Answer : a

- **ISRO** will launch **Cartosat**-3, and 13 other foreign satellites, aboard a PSLV (Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle) C-47.
- The main purpose of the mission is to place the 1,625-kg Cartosat-3 satellite, the third generation of *Earth-observation remote sensing satellites* that ISRO has been launching and using 1988.
- These satellites provide high-resolution imagery of the Earth that are used for applications like 3-D mapping, disaster management, agriculture and water management, recording of changes in land use, and urban and rural infrastructure planning, and even border surveillance.
- The **PSLV-C47** *rocket* is also carrying 13 commercial nano-satellites from the United States (U.S).



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2) The *Jing Kieng Jri* or *Living Root Bridges* are aerial bridges built by weaving and manipulating the roots of the Indian rubber tree. These are found in?

- a. Assam
- b. Nagaland
- c. Meghalaya
- d. Karnataka

#### Answer : c

- The Jing Kieng Jri or Living Root Bridges aerial bridges built by weaving and manipulating the roots of the Indian rubber tree have been serving as connectors for generations in *Meghalaya*.
- Spanning between 15 and 250 feet and built over centuries, the bridges, primarily a means to cross streams and rivers, have also become world-famous tourist attractions.
- Now, new research investigates these structures and proposes to integrate them in modern architecture around the world, and potentially help make cities more environment-friendly.
- 3) Budapest Convention sometimes seen in the news recently is associated with?
  - a. Cyber Crime
  - b. Protection of Ozone Layer
  - c. Ballast Water Management
  - d. Civil Liability for oil pollution and damage

- It is the sole legally binding multilateral treaty that coordinates cybercrime investigations between nation-states and criminalises certain cybercrime conduct.
- The convention is led by Council of Europe, which is distinct from European Union.
- Both members and non-members of Council of Europe are parties to the convention.
- Totally 64 nations are party to this convention and 3 countries have signed but yet to ratify the convention.
- India, Russia and Chinaare not members to this convention.
- The 2nd additional protocol to the convention is under preparation and the member countries recently met at Strasbourg.
- Russia recently passed a resolution in United Nation General Assembly (UNGA), to create a new treaty that can coordinate and share data to prevent cybercrime.
- India voted in favour of Russia's resolution.

#### 4) Consider the following statements with respect to Botulinum

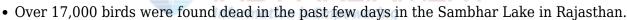
- 1. It is a natural toxin produced by bacteria known as Clostridium botulin.
- 2. It is found only in soil and can also be artificially prepared.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2  $\,$
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : a

### Avian Botulism



SHANKAR

• It is not the first time that where deaths due to botulism have been recorded. It is reported in Lake Michigan in 2007 and 2008 and in Hawaii in 2008.

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- The Indian Veterinary Research Institute (IVRI), Bareilly, states that climatic conditions were ultimately responsible for having triggered the mass die-off.
- It is occurred due to *avian botulism*, a disease caused by bacteria that affects nerves.
- Botulinum is a natural toxin produced by bacteria known as Clostridium botulin.
- It produces the toxin when it starts reproducing and attack the neurons which leads to muscle paralysis.
- It is commonly found in the *soil, river, and sea water*.
- There are around eight types A, B, C1, C2, D, E, F, and G of botulinum toxin and they are distinguishable when diagnosed.
- Botulinum affects both humans and animals, but the type of the toxin varies botulinum C in birds and A, B and E in humans.

5) Consider the following statements with respect to Jan Jagrukta Abhiyaan

- 1. It is to sensitize and mobilise the community on measures for prevention and control of Vector Borne Diseases (VBDs).
- 2. It is an initiative of NITI Aayog along with WHO.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : a

- Jan JagruktaAbhiyaan(Peoples Movement) is a special campaign in Delhi to sensitize and mobilise the community on measures for prevention and control of Vector Borne Diseases (VBDs) like Malaria, Dengue and Chikungunya.
- It is an initiative of Ministry of Health and Family Welfare.

6) Consider the following statements with respect to **One Stop Centre (OSC) Scheme** 

- 1. It supports of age affected by violence, irrespective of caste, class, religion, region, sexual orientation or marital status.
- 2. The Central Government will provide 100% financial assistance to the State Government/UT Administrations under the Scheme.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

#### Answer : b

- The **One Stop Centre (OSC) Scheme** provides a range of services including police facilitation, medical aid, psycho-social counselling, legal counselling and temporary shelter to women affected by violence in an integrated manner under one roof.
- It **supports all women including girls below 18 years of age** affected by violence, irrespective of caste, class, religion, region, sexual orientation or marital status, both in private and public spaces.
- The Centres will be integrated with a Women Helpline to facilitate access.
- The Scheme will be funded through NirbhayaFund .
- The Central Government will provide 100% financial assistance to the State Government /UT Administrations under the Scheme.

7) Consider the following statements with respect to Central Asian Flyway (CAF)

- 1. It is a traditional migration route across the Russia, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, and ends in Pakistan.
- 2. Bonn Convention provides a global platform for the conservation and sustainable use of migratory animals and their habitats.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

#### Answer:b

- A joint study by Russian and Indian scientists shows that Migratory birds from Siberia and northern Eurasia could be falling prey to power lines and turbines in India.
- The **Central Asian Flyway (CAF)** covers a large continental area of Eurasia between the Arctic and Indian Oceans and the associated island chains.
- It traditionally migrated 5,500 km south across the Russian Federation, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, and Pakistan, **before arriving at the wintering grounds in Keoladeo Ghana National Park in Rajasthan.**
- Even Indian government has launched a national action plan conservation of migratory birds along the Central Asian Flyway.
- India provides a critical stopover as well as a wintering habitat to more than 370 species of

migratory birds.

- **CMS or Bonn Convention**(Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals) provides a global platform for the conservation and sustainable use of migratory animals and their habitats.
- CMS brings together the States through which migratory animals pass, the Range States, and lays the legal foundation for internationally coordinated conservation measures throughout a migratory range.

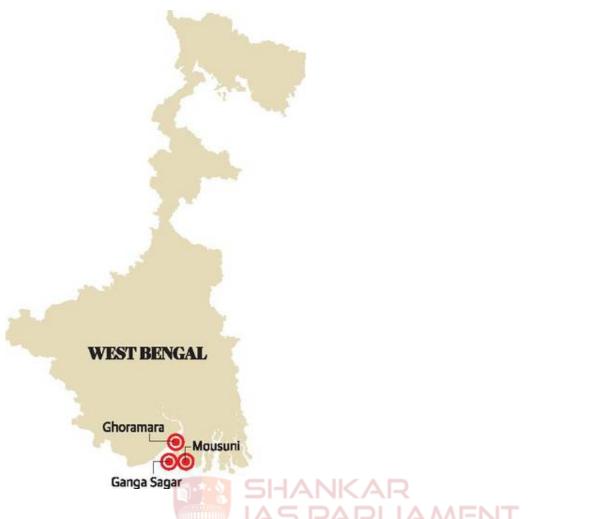
#### 8) Ganga Sagar and Mousuni Islands which was in news recently are a part of?

- a. The continental shelf of Bay of Bengal, West Bengal
- b. St. Mary's Island, Karnataka
- c. Willingdon Island, Kochi
- d. Diu Island

Answer: a

- The island at the confluence of the Ganga and the Bay of Bengal is losing the battle to sea level rise, coastal erosion, tidal surges and violent cyclones.
- Studies over the decades have recorded that the **sea level in the area rose** from 2.26 mm a year in 2002 to 12 mm in 2014 and by another 2.9 mm in 2019.
- Ganga Sagar and Mousuni Islands are in the Ganges delta, lying on thecontinental shelf of Bay of Bengalto the south of Kolkata, West Bengal.
- Ganga Sagaris the largest island in the Sundarbans archipelago.
- It is one of the most famous Hindu pilgrimage centres in India.
- Every year on MakarSankranti pilgrims from all over India, gather at Gangasagar for a holy dip at the confluence of the river Ganga and the Bay of Bengal.
- **Gangasagar Fair** is the second biggest congregation of Hindu pilgrims after the KumbhaMela.
- Mousuni, which lies a few km south of Ganga Sagar, is similarly exposed to the sea.

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9) Consider the following statements with respect to National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company

- 1. It is a common trustee company to manage and operate various credit guarantee trust funds.
- 2. It has been set up by the Department of Financial Services, Ministry of Finance.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : c

# **Credit Guarantee Fund**

- National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company Ltd is a common trustee company to manage and operate various credit guarantee trust funds.
- It has been set up by the Department of Financial Services, Ministry of Finance.
- It operates Fund of Funds for Start-ups (FFS) under Start up India Programme.
- Under Startup India initiative, all applications can be submitted to the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade.
- Collateral-free loans have been made available to MSMEs under the Credit Guarantee Scheme in Aspirational Districts.
- 10) Consider the following statements with respect to  $Anti-defection \ law$

- 1. It made legislators liable to be penalised for their conduct both inside and outside the legislature.
- 2. It made the Presiding Officer of the legislature the sole arbiter of defection proceedings.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- $c. \ Both \ 1 \ and \ 2$
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : c

- It made legislators liable to be penalised for their conduct both inside and outside the legislature.
- It made the Presiding Officer of the legislature the sole arbiter of defection proceedings.

