Daily Current Affairs Prelims Quiz 05-11-2026

1.With reference to the adjournment and prorogation of the Lok Sabha, consider the following statements:

1. Adjournment sine die refers to the termination of a sitting of the House without specifying the date of its next meeting.
2. The Speaker of the Lok Sabha has the power to adjourn the House sine die.
3. Prorogation of the Lok Sabha is ordered by the President under Article 85(2) of the Constitution.
4. All pending bills in the Lok Sabha automatically lapse upon prorogation of a parliamentary session.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a. 1 and 2 only
b. 1, 2 and 3 only
c. 1, 3 and 4 only
d. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer : b

Statement 1 – Correct

- Adjournment sine die means terminating a sitting of the House without specifying a date for its next meeting.
- The Latin expression sine die means "without a day".
- It suspends the sitting indefinitely but does not terminate the parliamentary session.

Statement 2 – Correct

- The Speaker of the Lok Sabha (or the presiding officer) has the authority to adjourn the House sine die.
- The Speaker can subsequently reconvene the House before prorogation, following the applicable parliamentary rules.

Statement 3 – Correct

- Prorogation is the formal termination of a parliamentary session.
- Under Article 85(2)(a), the President has the power to prorogue either House of Parliament.
- This power is exercised on the advice of the Council of Ministers.

Statement 4 – Incorrect

- Prorogation does not automatically result in the lapse of pending bills.
- Bills pending in the Rajya Sabha or bills passed by the Lok Sabha and pending in the Rajya Sabha do not lapse due to prorogation.

- However, bills pending in the Lok Sabha lapse upon its dissolution, subject to constitutional exceptions.

Additional Prelims Facts

Difference Between Adjournment, Adjournment Sine Die, Prorogation and Dissolution

Basis	Adjournment	Adjournment sine die	Prorogation	Dissolution
Meaning	Suspension of a sitting	Suspension without fixing the next date	Termination of a session	Termination of the Lok Sabha
Authority	Presiding officer	Presiding officer	President	President
Session ends?	No	No	Yes	Yes
House continues?	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Bills lapse?	No	No	No	Certain pending bills lapse

2.Consider the following statements regarding emerging genetic technologies in agriculture:

1. DRR Dhan 100 has been developed using CRISPR technology and is designed to achieve higher grain production by targeting a gene involved in cytokinin degradation.
2. Pusa DST Rice 1 is developed using CRISPR-Cas9 technology and exhibits tolerance to saline and alkaline soils.
3. Apomixis involves seed formation without fertilisation and helps preserve hybrid vigour across successive generations.
4. HB4 Wheat, developed by Argentina, uses a gene derived from rice to improve drought tolerance.

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Which of the statements given above are correct?

a. 1 and 2 only
b. 1, 2 and 3 only
c. 2, 3 and 4 only
d. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer : b

Statement 1 – Correct

- DRR Dhan 100 was developed using CRISPR-based gene-editing technology.
- It targets a gene involved in cytokinin degradation, thereby increasing grain number.
- It matures in 130 days compared to 150 days for the baseline variety.
- It offers approximately 20% higher yield (5.4 tonnes/hectare), along with reduced water consumption and labour costs.

Statement 2 – Correct

- Pusa DST Rice 1 was developed by ICAR-IARI using CRISPR-Cas9 technology.
- It is tolerant to saline and alkaline soils.
- It produces 10–30% higher yields under such conditions and demonstrates improved survival under salt stress.

Statement 3 – Correct

- Apomixis is a form of asexual reproduction in plants in which seeds develop without fertilisation.
- It helps preserve desirable parental traits and hybrid vigour across generations.
- Its success rate in rice has reached approximately 90%.
- Research is also being extended to maize and sorghum.

Statement 4 – Incorrect

- HB4 Wheat was developed by Argentina's Bioceres Crop Solutions.
- It uses a sunflower gene, not a rice gene, to improve drought tolerance.
- It has received cultivation approvals in Argentina, Brazil and Paraguay, while the USA approved its cultivation in August 2024.

3.Consider the following statements regarding the Dubai Access Club:

1. It is an invitation-only tourism loyalty programme launched by Dubai to attract repeat international visitors.
2. It provides a five-year multiple-entry visa, allowing visitors to stay for up to 90 days at a time within a one-year period.
3. The General Directorate of Residency and Foreigners Affairs (GDRFA), Dubai, is responsible for assessing applications and issuing visas.
4. The programme is primarily aimed at promoting Dubai's domestic tourism under the Dubai Economic Agenda (D33).

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a. 1, 2 and 3 only

b. 1, 2, 3 and 4

c. 2, 3 and 4 only

d. 1 and 2 only

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Answer : a

Statement 1 – Correct

- Dubai Access Club is an invitation-only, city-led tourism loyalty programme.
- It is designed to strengthen Dubai's global tourism competitiveness and encourage repeat international visitors.
- Membership is offered to eligible repeat visitors through selected corporate, tourism and hospitality partners.

Statement 2 – Correct

- The programme offers a five-year multiple-entry visa.
- Visitors can stay for up to 90 days at a time within a one-year period.
- It aims to make repeat visits to Dubai easier.

Statement 3 – Correct

- The General Directorate of Residency and Foreigners Affairs (GDRFA), Dubai, is the designated visa authority.
- It assesses applications and issues visas under the programme.

Statement 4 – Incorrect

- The primary objective of Dubai Access Club is to strengthen Dubai's global tourism competitiveness and attract repeat visitors.
- It is not primarily focused on domestic tourism.
- Dubai Economic Agenda (D33) is a broader long-term economic agenda aimed at strengthening Dubai's position among the world's leading global economic cities.

4.Consider the following statements regarding the 1st International Maize Conference:

1. It was jointly organised by ICAR, CIMMYT, PJTAU and other agricultural research institutions.
2. Its theme focuses on the role of maize in food, feed, fodder, fuel and sustainability.
3. India aims to increase its maize production to 75 million tonnes over the next decade.
4. The conference proposed expanding the traditional 4F vision by placing Farmers at the centre of the agricultural development framework.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a. 1, 2 and 3 only

b. 2 and 4 only

c. 2, 3 and 4 only

d. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer : d

Statement 1 – Correct

- The 1st International Maize Conference was jointly organised by:
  - Maize Technologists Association of India (MTAI).
  - Professor Jayashankar Telangana Agricultural University (PJTAU).
  - Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR).
  - Trust for Advancement of Agricultural Sciences (TAAS).
  - International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center (CIMMYT).
  - ICAR–Indian Institute of Maize Research (ICAR-IIMR).
- It commenced at JD Convention Centre, Hyderabad.

Statement 2 – Correct

- Theme: "Maize Revolution for Food, Feed, Fodder, Fuel and Sustainability in the Changing World" (M4FS).
- It highlights maize's growing importance in food security, animal nutrition, bioenergy and sustainable agriculture.

Statement 3 – Correct

- India's current maize production is approximately 55 million tonnes.
- The target is to increase production to 75 million tonnes over the next decade.
- It also aims for a 1.5-fold increase in productivity.

Statement 4 – Correct

- The traditional 4F vision includes:
  1. Food

2. Feed
3. Fodder
4. Fuel

- The expanded 5F vision places Farmers at the centre of maize-based agricultural development.

5.Consider the following statements regarding the Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF):

1. The CRPF was established in 1939 as the Crown Representative's Police and renamed the Central Reserve Police Force in 1949.
2. It functions under the administrative control of the Ministry of Defence.
3. It plays an important role in counter-terrorism operations, anti-Naxal operations, election security and riot control.
4. Operation Black Forest was conducted in the Kareguttalu Hills against Maoists.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a. 1 and 2 only
b. 2, 3 and 4 only
c. 1, 3 and 4 only
d. 1, 2, 3 and 4

Answer : c

Statement 1 – Correct

- CRPF was established on 27 July 1939 as the Crown Representative's Police.
- Following India's independence, it was renamed the Central Reserve Police Force on 28 December 1949.
- It is India's largest Central Armed Police Force (CAPF).

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Statement 2 – Incorrect

- CRPF functions under the administrative control of the Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA), not the Ministry of Defence.
- Its headquarters is located in New Delhi.

Statement 3 – Correct

CRPF plays a significant role in maintaining India's internal security through:

- Jammu and Kashmir – Counter-terrorism operations.
- Left-Wing Extremism-affected areas – Anti-Naxal operations.
- Manipur – Internal security and management of ethnic violence.
- Other duties – Election security, riot control and assistance to state police forces.

Statement 4 – Correct

- Operation Black Forest was conducted in the Kareguttalu Hills against Maoists.
- According to the provided information, 21 Naxalites were killed without any CRPF casualty.