

Daily Current Affairs Prelims Quiz 15-07-2024 & 14-07-2024 (Online Prelims Test)

1) Consider the following statements with respect to Indian Newspaper Society (INS)

- 1. Initially it represented and acted solely under the authority of newspapers, magazines, reviews and other journals published in India, Burma, Ceylon and other countries of Asia.
- 2. It serves as a central body promoting common interests of newspapers in India.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2 $\,$
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer : c

Indian Newspaper Society (INS) - ANKAR

Prime Minister Narendra Modi has recently inaugurated the Indian Newspaper Society (INS) Towers in Mumbai, Maharashtra.

- The primary objective Indian Newspaper Society (INS) was to acts as a Central Body for promoting the common interests of newspapers in India, Burma and Ceylon.
- The organization began as the India, Burma & Ceylon Newspapers' London Committee, renamed to Indian & Eastern Newspaper Society (IENS) in 1935.
- It was initially based in London, representing newspapers and journals from India, Burma, Ceylon, and other Asian countries.
- A need arose for a local coordinating body of newspaper proprietors to handle daily issues in newspaper production.
- This led to the formation of The Indian & Eastern Newspaper Society.
- It was launched on February 27, 1939, in New Delhi, with 14 founding publications and Arthur Moore, Editor of the Statesman, as chair.
- Its main goal was to promote common interests of newspapers in India, Burma, and Ceylon.
- The 14 founding publications are:
 - Bombay Chronicle
 - The Times of India
 - The Rangoon Gazette
 - $\circ\,$ The Amrita Bazar Patrika
 - $\circ\,$ The Hindustan Times
 - $\circ\,$ The Hindustan Standard
 - \circ Advance
 - \circ The Pioneer
 - $\circ\,$ The Leader
 - $\circ~$ The Tribune

- $\circ\,$ The Civil and Military Gazette.
- \circ The Hindu
- The Madras Mail.
- The Statesman
- Arthur Moore was the first president of this society.
- The Society consists of President, Deputy President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer and also a Committee five.
- The President is responsible for running of the Secretariat and Secretary shall maintain all records.
- The Treasurer shall be responsible for all the funds of the Society.
- The executive committee consists of not be less than 15 nor more than 50 consisting of:
 - Office Bearers(4)
 - Past Presidents(not exceeding 10)
 - Members elected by the General Body(31)
 - Co-opted members(5)

2) Consider the following statements with respect to Global Critical Minerals Outlook Report, 2024

- 1. It assesses key risks to the reliability, sustainability and diversity of critical mineral supply chains and analyses the consequences for policy and industry stakeholders.
- 2. It is an initiative of International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA).

Which of the above statement(s) is/are **incorrect**?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2 $\,$
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer:b

Global Critical Minerals Outlook Report, 2024

- Global Critical Minerals Outlook Report, 2024 provides a snapshot of industry developments in 2023 and early 2024.
- It offers medium- and long-term outlooks for the demand and supply of key energy transition minerals based on the latest technology and policy trends.
- It is an initiative of the International Energy Agency (IEA).
- The report also assesses key risks to the reliability, sustainability and diversity of critical mineral supply chains and analyses the consequences for policy and industry stakeholders.
- It will be accompanied by an updated version of the *Critical Minerals Data Explorer*, an interactive online tool that allows users to explore the latest IEA projections.
- Key findings of the report
- Fast-growing critical minerals markets remain turbulent, with prices falling sharply in 2023 following two years of dramatic increases.
- Battery materials saw particularly large declines with lithium spot prices plummeting by 75% and cobalt, nickel, and graphite prices dropping by 30-45%.
- Demand for critical minerals experienced strong growth in 2023, with lithium demand rising by 30%, while demand for nickel, cobalt, graphite and rare earth elements all saw increases ranging from 8% to 15%.
- Clean energy applications have become the main driver of demand growth for a range of critical minerals.
- Electric vehicles (EVs) consolidated their position as the largest-consuming segment for lithium, and increased their share considerably in the demand for nickel, cobalt and graphite.



3) Consider the following statements:

- 1. Stereocilia are hair-like projections found on hair cells within the human cochlea.
- $\label{eq:connected} \textbf{Adjacent stereocilia are connected by filamentous extracellular tethers called tip links.}$
- 3. Atomic Force Microscopy employs a sharp tip in a raster motion to measure and visualize materials at the atomic and Nano scales.

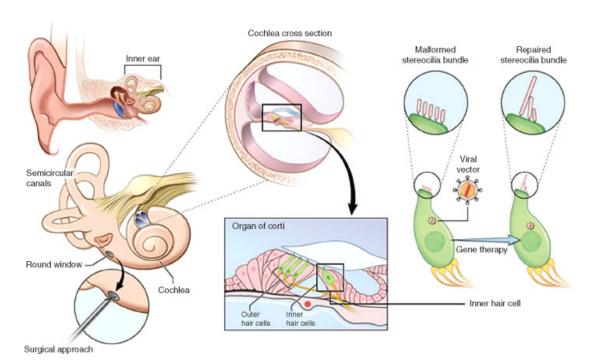
How many of the statements given above are correct?

- a. Only one
- b. Only two
- c. All Three
- d. None of the above

Answer : c

Stereocilia & Atomic Force Microscopy

- Human ears have mechanisms that help adjust to 'see' in dim sound environments and protect us from harsh sound environments.
- Humans *can perceive sounds between 20 Hz to 20 kHz in frequency* and 5-120 decibels in intensity.
- At the heart of our auditory system are intricate hair cells nestled within the human cochlea.
- Each *cochlea* houses around 16,000 of these flask-shaped sensory cells, each with a cluster of hair-like projections called stereocilia.
- Stereocilia are hair-like projections found on hair cells within the human cochlea.
- These stereocilia, arranged like a staircase from the shortest to the tallest, are the key to our hearing.
- Adjacent stereocilia are connected by filamentous extracellular tethers called tip links.
- These tip links, functions like a complex network of connections, are pivotal in our hearing process, converting sound waves into electrical signals our brain can interpret.
- Tip links consist of two proteins:
 - 1. Cadherin-23 (CDH23)
 - 2. Protocadherin-15 (PCDH15)
- Tip links break in response to loud noises as a protective mechanism, but can regenerate.
- The average lifetime of a tip link complex is about 31.8 seconds, but this varies based on sound intensity.
- Researchers used an atomic force microscope to study tip link responses to different forces.
- Tip links exhibit three distinct responses based on the applied force:
 - 1. Decreased lifetime at low forces.
 - 2. Stability at mid-range forces (36-70 pN).
 - 3. Disconnection at high forces (>80 pN) to protect hearing.
- Mutations in the PCDH15 protein can lead to inherited deafness.
- Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM) Is a high resolution form of scanning probe microscopy that employs a sharp tip in a raster motion to measure and visualize materials at the atomic and Nano scales.
- AFM uses a variety of techniques, also known as measurement modes, to analyze samples at a scale ranging from below a nanometer (<1 nm) (0.5 nm is the average size of an atom) up to 1 micrometer (also known as a micron).
- AFM is also valuable for measuring local electrical, mechanical, and other material properties.
- It is suitable for a wide range of materials including electrically conductive and insulating, transparent and opaque, soft and stiff, and more.



4) Tirzepatide, sometimes seen in the news recently, is associated with?

- a. A permanently frozen layer of soil in Antarctica.
- b. A drug for chronic weight management in adults.
- c. A triparty agreement between India, France and World Bank.
- d. A political wave in Latin America towards left-wing governments.

Answer: b

Tirzepatide

Zepbound (Tirzepatide) was recently approved by an expert committee of India's drug regulator and awaiting final approval for launch in the Indian market.

• In November 2023, Eli Lilly, US pharma company got FDA approval for the drug Zepbound (Tirzepatide) to treat obesity.

PARLIAMENT

- It is prescribed to people with obesity, with a body mass index of over 30) or overweight and have at least one other health condition related to their weight (such as high blood pressure, high cholesterol, or type 2 diabetes).
- Tirzepatide is a polypeptide that boosts two naturally-occurring hormones:
 - \circ Glucagon-like-peptide 1 (GLP-1) and
 - Glucose-dependent insulinotropic polypeptide (GIP).
- These hormones control weight through brain and digestive tract mechanisms.
- Zepbound is a prescription medicine. It cannot and should not be used for cosmetic weight loss.
- It is injected under-the-skin and dosage gradually increased to a maximum of 15 mg.
- It is used alongside reduced-calorie diet and increased physical activity.
- Side Effects Nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, constipation, abdominal pain.
- Potential risk of thyroid tumours, including thyroid cancer.

5) Consider the following statements with respect to Saline Lakes

- 1. They make up around 45 % of all lakes worldwide.
- 2. They are found on every continent including Antarctica.
- 3. The Aral Sea is the world's largest saline lake in the world.

How many of the statements given above are correct?

- a. Only one
- b. Only two
- c. All Three
- d. None of the above

Answer : b

Saline Lakes

- Saline lakes are water bodies that have salinities in excess of 3 grams per litre.
- They make up 44% of all lakes worldwide and are found on every continent including Antarctica.
- These lakes' existence depends on a delicate balance between a river basin's water input (precipitation and inflows) and output (evaporation and seepage).
- The main cause of change in a saline lake is disturbances in its water balance.
- Saline lakes are highly sensitive to changes in water balance, making them responsive to both natural and human-caused factors affecting water resources.
- These lakes quickly react to changing conditions, reflecting regional and potentially global water resource status.
- Many saline lakes worldwide are shrinking rapidly, indicating potential issues with water sustainability.
- Like canaries in coalmines that alerted miners to dangerous air quality, saline lakes can alert us to looming water resource problems.
- Changes in saline lakes often point to broader water management challenges in their regions.
- The Caspian Sea is the world's largest saltwater lake by volume surface area and by depth.
- This land-locked sea is bounded to the north by Russia, to the south by Iran, to the west by Azerbaijan, and to the east by Kazakhstan and Turkmenistan.