

Daily Subject wise Quiz Day 11 Ancient History VI (Online Prelims Test)

Which of the following statements are correct with regard to Bimbisara?

- 1. He married Kosaladevi and recieved Kasi region as dowry which yielded large revenue.
- 2. He was a contemporary of both Mahavira and Buddha.

Select the correct answer using codes given below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: c

Bimbisara



- Bimbisara's first matrimonial alliance was with the ruling family of Kosala.
- He married Kosaladevi, sister of Prasenjit, He was given the Kasi region as dowry which yielded large revenue.
- Bimbisara married Chellana, a princess of the Licchavi family of Vaishali, This matrimonial alliance secured for him the safety of the northern frontier.
- He had also efficiently reorganized the administration of his kingdom.
- Bimbisara was a contemporary of both Vardhamana Mahavira and Gautama Buddha.
- However, both religions claim him as their supporter and devotee, He seems to have made numerous gifts to the Buddhist Sangha.

Which of the following statements is/ are correct regarding Pillars of Ashoka

- 1. They are made up of monolithic pillar and are made of highly polished.
- 2. All Ashokan pillars are adorned either with a lotus flower or an Ashoka Chakra.

Select the correct answer using codes below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: a

Ashokan Pillars

- The pillars of Ashoka are a series of monolithic columns dispersed throughout the Indian subcontinent.
- These pillars constitute important monuments of the architecture of India, most of them exhibiting the characteristic Mauryan polish.
- The shafts are always plain and smooth, circular in cross-section, slightly tapering upwards and always chiselled out of a single piece of stone

Which of the following statements is/are correct about Mauryan Empire?

- 1. Ashoka founded the Mauryan Empire with help of his Brahmin Minister Chankya.
- 2. Magasthenes in his book Indika gives reference to absence of moneylending.

Select the correct answer using codes below

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: b

Mauryan Empire

- Chandragupta, with the help of an intelligent and politically astute Brahmin, Kautilya usurped the throne by defeating Dhana Nanda in 321 BC.
- The Mauryan Empire had rulers who were famous for their reign. The table below gives the list of Mauryan Empire rulers:
- 1. Chandragupta Maurya (324/321- 297 B.C.)
- 2. Bindusara (297 272 B.C.)
- 3. Asoka (268 232 B.C.)

Consider the following statements with respect to the Officials of Mauryan Administration

- 1. Pulisanj were the public relation officers who reported public opinion to the King.
- 2. Gudha Purusha were the secret agents mentioned in Arthashastra.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are incorrect?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: c

Officials of Mauryan Administration

- King assisted by Mantriparishad (council of ministers) whose members included Mantriparishad Adhyaksha and below him was as following:
- 1. Yuvaraj: The crown prince
- 2. Purohita: The chief priest
- 3. The Senapati: The commander in chief

- 4. Amatya: Civil servants and few other ministers.
- Other officers of the kingdom includes
- 1. Vyavharika Mahamatta: Judiciary officers
- 2. Pulisanj: Public relations officers
- 3. Espionage Department Mahamatyapasarpa controlled Gudhapurushas (secret agents)

Consider the following statements with respect to Ashokan Inscriptions

- 1. Ashoka was the first ruler who inscribed his messages to his subjects and officials on stone surfaces.
- 2. Ashoka used the inscriptions to proclaim what he understood to be Dhamma.

Which of the above statements is/are incorrect?

- a. 1 only
- b. 2 only
- c. Both 1 and 2
- d. Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: d

Ashokan Inscriptions

- Ashoka was the first ruler who inscribed his messages to his subjects and officials on stone surfaces natural rocks as well as polished pillars.
- He used the inscriptions to proclaim what he understood to be dhamma.
- This included respect towards elders, generosity towards Brahmanas and those who renounced worldly life, treating slaves and servants kindly, and respect for religions and traditions other than one's own.