

### **US Sanctions and Iran's Nuclear Plans**

#### What is the issue?

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- Iran has notified IAEA of it's nuclear enrichment plans.
- $\bullet$  Iran should cooperate with Europe and China to work around U.S. sanctions.  $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$

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### What is Iran's stance?

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- Iran said that it was in "preparatory works" to restart nuclear activities.
- This is in the event of the failure of the 2015 accord.
- $\bullet$  In such a scenario, Iran could restart its activities without any limits.
- The preparatory works mentioned refer to steps to boost uranium enrichment capacity by producing new centrifuges.
- In addition, it had notified of a plan to restart activity at its uranium conversion facility to produce the UF6 feedstock for centrifuges.

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# What are the other developments in this regard?

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• France, Britain, Germany and the EU have sent a joint official request to the U.S.

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• It asks for their companies to be exempt from punitive measures resulting from fresh U.S. sanctions on Iran.

 $\bullet$  It calls for exempting European businesses doing legitimate trade in Iran from all extraterritorial American sanctions. \n

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## What are the implications?

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- Iran's notification illustrates the risks associated with the recent U.S. withdrawal from the nuclear deal. (Click <a href="here">here</a> to know more).
- $\bullet$  According to the deal, Iran can enrich uranium, but under tight restrictions.  $\$
- It would not be technically violating the agreement as long as it does not produce centrifuges.
- But the move to open a production facility could be seen as a provocative step by the remaining parties to the agreement.
- The other signatories to the deal said they remain committed to the agreement.

But they are yet to come up with a framework to continue the deal.

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- $\bullet$  The latest Iranian announcement could pressurise the European powers.  $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$
- $\bullet$  They are forced to come up with guarantees that the deal's benefits will be in place even with U.S. sanctions. \n

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## What is the way forward?

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- $\bullet$  It is uncertain if European companies would make investments in Iran, or even continue to do business, with U.S. sanctions.  $\mbox{\sc h}$
- Earlier, they had discussed providing companies that do business with Iran, special financing from the European Investment Bank.
- $\bullet$  Passing legislation to protect them from U.S. sanctions was also discussed.  $\ensuremath{^{\backslash n}}$

 $\bullet$  Concrete decision on these fronts are not yet taken and the EU is wary of giving any guarantee to Iran.

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• The way forward is to continue a dialogue to find an economic and legislative package.

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• This has to shield European companies and Iranian economic interests from U.S. sanctions.

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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