

US Great Transshipment Scam Report

Prelims - Current events of national and international relations | International relations

Why in news?

The US report titled “The Great Transshipment Scam - Global Evasion and Economic Costs”, alleging that Chinese goods are being routed through third countries to evade U.S. tariffs.

- **Context** - Over 40 countries, including India, were identified as part of an alleged “shadow transshipment network”.
- **Transshipment** is the movement of goods through an intermediate country before reaching the final destination.
 - It becomes illegal when used to conceal the true origin of goods and evade tariffs, quotas or trade restrictions.

*If a Chinese product is sent to India and then exported to the U.S. as an Indian product mainly to avoid U.S. tariffs on Chinese goods, it is an **illegal transshipment** (China → India → USA).*

• Three-Tier Classification

Tier 1	India, Mexico, Canada, EU	Risk embedded in large legitimate trade flows
Tier 2	Vietnam, Malaysia, Thailand	Closely integrated with China
Tier 3	Cambodia, Panama, UAE	Weak customs enforcement

- **Key Findings** - About \$67 billion of U.S.-bound goods were allegedly transshipped through Mexico, India and Vietnam in 2025.
 - Estimated U.S. tariff revenue loss - \$28 billion.
- The U.S. claims transshipment can -
 - Reduce tariff revenue
 - Widen the trade deficit
 - Displace domestic production
 - Reduce GDP growth and tax receipts.
- **India-Specific Concerns** - India’s Pune-Gujarat-Chennai industrial corridor was highlighted for pumps and compressors.
- Global Trade Research Initiative (GTRI), argues that India has substantial domestic manufacturing capacity.
 - India’s exports cannot automatically be considered Chinese goods being

rerouted.

- Genuine value addition in India using imported inputs should be distinguished from illegal transshipment.
- **Rules of Origin**
 - It determine the country where a product is considered to have originated.
 - Complex global supply chains, involving components from multiple countries, make determination difficult.
 - The U.S. may seek stricter country-of-origin and customs rules.
- **Implications for India**
 - **Opportunities** – China+1 strategy and greater integration into global value chains.
 - **Challenges** – Greater U.S. scrutiny of Indian exports.
 - Possible additional tariffs/trade restrictions.
 - Pressure to reduce Chinese input dependence.
 - Higher compliance costs.

Global Trade Research Initiative (GTRI)

- It is a prominent, New Delhi-based research institute and think tank co-founded by former Indian trade bureaucrat Ajay Srivastava.
- The organization is widely recognized for producing high-quality, jargon-free policy analysis.
- **Aim** – To helping governments and industries navigate complex issues across trade, technology, climate change, and investment from a developmental perspective

Reference

[Indian Express| US Great Transshipment Scam Report](#)