

# **UPSC Daily Current Affairs | Prelim Bits 29-10-2020**

### **Amendment Related to Land in Jammu and Kashmir**

- Recently Union government has notified 'Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation (Adaptation of Central Laws) Third Order, 2020.
- It states that any Indian citizen can now buy land in Jammu and Kashmir (J&K) without being a domicile.
- The introduction of the UT of J&K Reorganisation (Adaptation of Central Laws) Third Order, 2020 has resulted in the repeal of at least 11 land laws in J&K, including the J&K Big Landed Estates Abolition Act that had resulted in famous 'Land to tiller' rights.
- The features of the latest order are as follows
- 1. No domicile or permanent resident certificate is required to purchase nonagricultural land in the UT.
- 2. People as well as investors outside J&K can now purchase land in the UT, ending the exclusive rights of locals over the land granted under Article 370 (now abrogated).
- 3. The Centre also notified the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016, which paves the way for the acquisition of land in J&K by all Indian citizens.
- 4. The amendment has Abolished the Big Land Estate Abolition Act, 1950 this provided for redistribution of land which paved the way for rural prosperity and ended landlordism in J&K.
- 5. Empowers the Centre to declare any area in J&K as 'strategic' and intended for the direct operational and training requirement of the armed forces.
- 6. However, this can be only done by an army officer of or above the rank of a corps commander.
- 7. Spouses of a J&K domicile shall also be deemed as a domicile, earlier, spouses of domiciles were not considered domiciles.
- 8. Children of central government officials posted for over ten years in J&K will also continue to be considered domiciles.

# The Patents (Amendment) Rules, 2020

• Union government has amended the Patents Rules.

- The rules were amended following a Delhi High Court order on the matter in April 2018.
- It streamlines the procedures to submit statements regarding the working of a patented invention on a commercial scale, giving additional flexibilities to the patentee.
- As per the new rules, a patentee gets flexibility to file a single Form-27 in respect of single or multiple related patents.
- Where a patent is granted to two or more persons, such persons may file a joint Form-27.
- Moreover, patentees would now be required to provide 'approximate revenue/value accrue' while authorised agents would be able to submit Form-27 on behalf of patentees.
- The time available to patentees for filing Form-27 has also been extended to six months, against the current three months, from the expiry of the financial year.
- There are also important changes with reference to Rule 21 on filing of priority documents.
- If the priority document is available in WIPO's (<u>World Intellectual Property Organisation</u>) digital library, the applicant would not be required to submit the same in the Indian Patent Office.

## **Second Meeting of India-Central Asia Dialogue**

- India-Central Asia Dialogue is a ministerial-level dialogue between India and the Central Asian countries namely Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan and Uzbekistan.
- All five nations became independent states after the collapse of the USSR in 1991, post-Cold war.
- All the countries participating in the dialogue are also members of the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation.
- The dialogue focuses on a number of issues including ways to improve connectivity and stabilise war-ravaged Afghanistan.
- The group will enable India to expand its footprints in the resource-rich region amid an ongoing standoff with China and to fight terror effectively, including in Afghanistan.
- Recently, India virtually hosted the second meeting of the India-Central Asia Dialogue.
- The first meeting of the dialogue was held in Samarkand, the Republic of Uzbekistan in January 2019.
- In the first dialogue, India proposed setting up of 'India-Central Asia Development Group' to take forward development partnership between

India and Central Asian countries.

## **Basic Exchange and Cooperation Agreement (BECA)**

- India and the United States signed the Basic Exchange and Cooperation Agreement (BECA).
- BECA will help India get real-time access to American geospatial intelligence that will enhance the accuracy of automated systems and weapons like missiles and armed drones.
- Through the sharing of information on maps and satellite images, it will help India access topographical and aeronautical data, and advanced products that will aid in navigation and targeting.
- This could be key to Air Force-to-Air Force cooperation between India and the US.
- BECA will provide Indian military systems with a high-quality GPS to navigate missiles with real-time intelligence to precisely target the adversary.
- BECA, along with the two agreements signed earlier <u>LEMOA</u> and <u>COMCASA</u> completes a troika of "foundational pacts" for deep military cooperation between the two countries.

#### Earth Observation Satellite EOS-01

- Earth observation satellites are the satellites equipped with remote sensing technology.
- Earth observation is the gathering of information about Earth's physical, chemical and biological systems.
- Many earth observation satellites have been employed on sunsynchronous orbit.
- EOS-01 is an earth observation satellite and is intended for applications in agriculture, forestry and disaster management support.
- India has scheduled the launch of earth observation satellite EOS-01 from Satish Dhawan Space Centre.
- ISRO's <u>Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle</u> (PSLV-C49) will launch the satellites, it will be PSLV's 51st Mission.
- Other earth observation satellites launched by ISRO are as follows
- 1. RESOURCESAT- 2, 2A,
- 2. CARTOSAT-1, 2, 2A, 2B,
- 3. RISAT-1 and 2,
- 4. OCEANSAT-2,
- 5. Megha-Tropiques,

- 6. SARAL and SCATSAT-1,
- 7. INSAT-3DR, 3D.

#### Kumhar Sashaktikaran Yojana

- Kumhar Sashaktikaran Yojana (KSY) was launched in 2018, to strengthen and improve the living of potters in the country by making them self-reliant (Atma Nirbhar).
- It provides potters with modern equipment and training to reconnect them with the society and revive their art.
- KVIC has created proper marketing channels including tie-up with the Indian Railway for selling the products of potters.
- Proper training and distribution of advanced equipment under the scheme has eliminated drudgery from the process of pottery making and also resulted in increasing the production by 3-4 times.
- Recently, electric pottery wheels to 100 potter families in Maharashtra were distributed under the KSY of <u>Khadi and Village Industries</u> Commission (KVIC).

Source: PIB, Indian Express, the Hindu

