

# **UPSC Daily Current Affairs | Prelim Bits 29-06-2024**

# **European Council**

Prime Minister congratulates H.E Antonio Costa on being elected as President of the European Council recently.

- The European Council is the European Union (EU) institution that defines the general political direction and priorities of the European Union.
- It represents the highest level of political cooperation between EU countries.
- **Treaty of Maastricht** Under the <u>**Treaty of Maastricht**</u>, the European Council acquired a formal status and role to provide the impetus and general political guidelines for the EU.
- Founded in 1974.
- Headquarters Brussels, Belgium.
- **Members** Heads of state or government of the <u>27 EU member states</u>, the European Council President and the President of the European Commission.
- Functions
  - $\circ\,$  It decides on the EU's overall direction and political priorities but does not pass laws.
  - It deals with complex or sensitive issues that cannot be resolved at lower levels of intergovernmental cooperation.
  - It sets the EU's common foreign & security policy, taking into account EU strategic interests and defense implications.
  - It nominates and appoints candidates to certain high profile EU level roles, such as the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Commission.
- **Sessions** The Council meets 4 times per year at least. It usually adopts 'conclusions' at its formal meetings. Conclusions set out the EU's position on key policy matters.
- The European Council mostly takes its decisions by consensus. This means that <u>no</u> <u>member opposes</u> the decision.
- However, in certain specific cases outlined in the EU treaties, it decides by taking a vote.

#### References

- 1. Press Information Bureau | President of European Council
- 2. <u>Consilium Europa | European Council</u>

### **Bhuvan Panchayat portal & National Database for Emergency Management**

Union Minister launches 2 Geoportals, "Bhuvan Panchayat (4.0)" portal and "National Database for Emergency Management (NDEM 5.0)" recently.

# Bhuvan Panchayat Portal (Space based Information Support for Decentralised Planning at Panchyayat level (SIS-DP))

- It is a national initiative of preparing basic spatial layers useful in planning process at grass root levels.
- Formulated by National Remote Sensing Centre, ISRO.
- **Implemented by** In partnership with State Remote Sensing Application Centers in the country.
- **Aim** Empowering Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) and the Stakeholders with Space-based Information Support for Decentralized Planning and Governance.
- The project's main deliverables include
  - Satellite images 2.5 m resolution satellite images of the entire country.
  - **Thematic maps -** 1:10K scale thematic maps on natural resources and infrastructure, such as land cover and settlements.
  - **Resource inventories -** Inventories of resources like water sources, road networks, drainage, and rail networks.



- These deliverables are useful for planning, development, implementation, and monitoring activities at the Panchayat or Village level.
- The project also integrates data from stakeholder departments into the spatial layer in a GIS environment.

# **National Database for Emergency Management**

- It is to provide space-based inputs on natural disasters and aid in disaster risk reduction In India as well as neighboring countries.
- **Developed by** National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), ISRO.
- **Ministry** Ministry of Home Affairs (MHA).
- NDEM acts as a geo-portal with the amalgamation of DSS tools and services of

disaster forecasting organisations with value addition.

• NDEM will also act as a *Disaster Recovery and Data Provider node* for the Integrated Control Room for Emergency Response (ICR-ER) being established by MHA, New Delhi.

#### Reference

Press Information Bureau | Bhuvan Panchayat portal and NDEM

# **Five Principles of Peaceful Coexistence**

China is celebrating the 70<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Five Principles of Peaceful Coexistence, first propounded in the Sino-Indian Agreement of 1954.

- China calls the Five Principles is known in India as *Panchsheel agreement*.
- The word Panchsheel traces its origin to the Buddhist concept of Pancasila.
  - **5 moral vows of Buddhism -** Abstinence from murder, theft, sexual misconduct, lying, and intoxicants.

# **Panchsheel - The Five Principles**

- The Panchsheel Agreement, formally known as The Agreement on Trade and Intercourse with Tibet Region is signed between *India and China*.
- Signed on April 29, 1954.
- 5 principles



- The agreement aimed to enhance trade and cooperation between the 2 countries, establishing each country's trade centres in major cities of the other, and laid out a framework for trade.
- The agreement also listed important religious pilgrimages, provisions for pilgrims, and acceptable routes and passes available to them.
- Importantly, India for the **1**<sup>st</sup> time recognized Tibet as the Tibet Region of China.
- **Badung Conference** In 1955, the Five Principles would feature prominently at the first African-Asian Conference in Bandung, Indonesia.
- 29 countries of Asia and Africa took part in the Bandung Conference and signed a 10-

point declaration that co-opted the Five Principles or Panchsheel.

• The Bandung Conference is the precursor to the *Non-Aligned Movement*.

The Non-Aligned Movement is a forum of 120 countries that are not formally aligned with or against any major power bloc.

#### Reference

The Indian Express | China's Five Principles of foreign policy

### Steriphopus wangala

A newly discovered Spider named after Wangala festival of Meghalaya recently.

- The new spider species discovered recently in West Garo Hills district of *Meghalaya*.
- Family Palp-Footed Spider.
  - Palp-footed spiders, also known as Palpimanidae, are a family of ground-dwelling spiders with large front legs and distinctive features useful for field identification.
- Genus Steriphopus
  - $\circ\,$  This discovery added the total number of species in this genus to 5 globally, with 2 found in India.



#### Wangala Festival

• Wangala, also known as the "Festival of the Hundred Drums", is a harvest festival celebrated in *India and Bangladesh.* 

- The Wangala Festival marks the end of the agricultural season.
- It is celebrated by the *Garo tribe* that honors Saljong, the Sun-God of fertility.
- The highlight of Wangala is the rhythmic beat of a hundred drums. The main soundtrack is provided by the *Nagra drum*.

• These drums are a big part of Garo culture, and they are traditionally made out of tree trunks.

• The *Wangala dance* is the centrepiece of the festival. The dance is characterised by dancers moving to the rhythmic drumming.



#### References

- 1. East Mojo | Steriphopus wangala
- 2. <u>Meghalaya Government | Wangala Festival</u>

### **Motor Neuron Diseases (MNDs)**

The 3<sup>rd</sup> annual conference on MND 'Awareness, Care and Management' at Nimhans held recently in Bengaluru, stated that symptomatic and supportive treatments help manage the condition better.

- MNDs are a group of progressive neurological diseases that destroy *motor neurons,* cells controlling skeletal muscular activities like walking, breathing, speaking and swallowing.
- In MND, these neurons degenerate and die. This causes the muscles to become weaker and weaker. This eventually leads to *paralysis*.
- The MND disease group includes:

- $\circ\,$  Lou Gehrig's disease, also known as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)
- $\circ\,$  Progressive muscular atrophy (PMA)
- Progressive bulbar palsy (PBP)
- Primary lateral sclerosis (PLS)
- Kennedy's disease, also known as spinal and bulbar muscular atrophy (SBMA)
- Affecting age MND is an <u>uncommon</u> disease. The average age that people are diagnosed with MND is <u>58 years</u>.
- Symptoms Usually start on one side of the body before spreading that include
  - $\circ\,$  Weakness in their hands and grip,
  - Slurred speech
  - $\circ\,$  Weakness in their legs, and a tendency to trip
  - $\circ\,$  Weakness of their shoulder, making lifting difficult
  - Cramps and muscles twitching
- **Treatment** There's <u>*no cure*</u> for motor neurone disease, but treatment can help reduce the impact the symptoms have on your life.

### Reference

Deccan Herald | Motor Neuron Disease

