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Bhagirathi Eco-Sensitive Zone

- Bhagirathi is the source stream of Ganga, <u>It emanates from Gangotri glacier</u> <u>at Gaumukh at an elevation of 3,892 m.</u>
- Bhagirathi Eco Sensitive Zone <u>extends from Gaumukh to Uttarakashi</u> <u>covering an area of 4179.59 sq. kilometer.</u>
- The Bhagirathi Eco-Sensitive Zone notification was issued by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC) in 2012.
- The notification was subsequently amended on 16th April, 2018 in consultation with the
- 1. Ministry of Road, Transport and Highways.
- 2. Government of Uttarakhand
- 3. Indian Road Congress.
- The Bhagirathi Eco-Sensitive Zone notification mandated the State Government of Uttarakhand to prepare Zonal Master Plan (ZMP) to be implemented under the supervision of the Monitoring Committee.
- The ZMP is based on watershed approach and includes governance in the area of forest and wildlife, watershed management, irrigation, energy, tourism, public health and sanitation, road infrastructure, etc.
- It aims to safe guard local people without affecting their rights and privileges and also *ensuring eco-friendly development for their livelihood security.*
- <u>Recently MoEF&CC has approved ZMP of Bhagirathi Eco-Sensitive Zone.</u>

State of food security and nutrition in the world (SOFI)

- The State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World (SOFI) 2020 report was released on the <u>sidelines of the High-Level Political Forum (HLPF) on</u> <u>Sustainable Development.</u>
- It is produced jointly by the
- 1. Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO),
- 2. International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD),
- 3. United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF),
- 4. UN World Food Programme (WFP)
- 5. World Health Organization (WHO).

- Its first edition was brought out in 2017.
- Highlights of the report are as follows
- 1. The world is not on track to meet the goal of zero hunger by 2030 i.e. SDG2.
- 2. Between 8.3 crore and 13 crore people globally are likely to <u>go hungry this</u> <u>year due to the economic recession triggered by COVID-19.</u>
- 3. Hunger continues to be on the rise since 2014 and the global prevalence of undernourishment, or *overall percentage of hungry people, is 8.9%.*
- 4. Almost 69 crore people went hungry in 2019 up by 1 crore in 2018
- 5. Asia remains home to the greatest number of undernourished (38 crore).
- 6. Africa is second (25 crore), followed by Latin America and the Caribbean (4.8 crore).
- 7. <u>A healthy diet costs more than Rs. 143 (or \$1.90/ day), which is the</u> <u>international poverty threshold.</u>
- 8. The number of people globally who can't afford a healthy diet is at 300 crore people, or *more than the combined population of China and India.*

Noor-Wali Mehsud

- The Tehrik-e-Taliban Pakistan (TTP) terror group's leader Noor Wali Mehsud has been <u>designated as a global terrorist by the UN.</u>
- The decision was taken as he was participating in the financing, planning and perpetrating acts on behalf of and in support of entities associated with al-Qaida.
- The <u>UN Security Council's 1267 ISIL and al-Qaida Sanctions Committee</u> added Mehsud, to the ISIL (Da'esh) and al-Qaida Sanctions List, subjecting the Pakistani national to an assets freeze, travel ban and arms embargo.
- Blacklisting by the Security Council entails that <u>all states are required to</u> <u>freeze without delay the funds and other financial assets or economic</u> <u>resources of designated individuals and entities.</u>
- They are also required to prevent the entry into or transit through their territories by the designated individuals.
- It also *prevent the transfer from their territories of arms and all materials related to designated individuals and entities.*

ISIL (Da'esh) and Al-Qaida Sanctions Committee

- It was initially established in 1999, pursuant to UN Security Council Resolution 1267.
- The Committee <u>comprises all 15 members of the Security Council and makes</u> <u>its decision by consensus.</u>
- It oversees the sanctions measures imposed by the Security Council.
- It is one of three Security Council committees dealing with counter-

terrorism.

- The other two committees are
- 1. The Counter-Terrorism Committee established pursuant to <u>Security Council</u> <u>Resolution 1373 (2001)</u>,
- 2. The Security Council Committee established pursuant to <u>Resolution 1540</u> (2004).

Trinity Nuclear Test

- Trinity was the code name of the first detonation of a nuclear device.
- It was conducted by the United States Army on July 16, 1945, <u>as part of the</u> <u>Manhattan Project.</u>
- The test was conducted in the *Jornada del Muerto desert about 56 km* southeast of Socorro, New Mexico.
- The test was planned and directed by <u>Kenneth Bainbridge</u>.
- The test was of an implosion-design plutonium device, informally nicknamed <u>"The Gadget"</u>, of the same design as the <u>Fat Man bomb later detonated over</u> <u>Nagasaki, Japan, on August 9, 1945.</u>

Manhattan Project

- The Manhattan Project was a research and development undertaking during World War II that produced the first nuclear weapons.
- It was led by the United States with the support of the United Kingdom and Canada.

SHUDH

- IIT Kanpur has developed an Ultraviolet (UV) sanitizing product named SHUDH.
- It is a smartphone operated Handy Ultraviolet Disinfection Helper (SHUDH).
- It has six UV lights of 15 Watts each that can be individually monitored from a distance.
- The device at its full operation can disinfect a 10x10 squared feet room in about 15 minutes.
- SHUDH can assist in killing the spread of corona virus at the highly prone places such as hospitals, hotels, malls, offices and schools.

Source: PIB, the Hindu, Indian Express, Times of India

