

# **Upending Principles of Natural Justice**

## Why in news?

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The Election Commission's proposal to have the Representation of People Act (RPA) amended to disqualify legislators charge-sheeted for bribing voters is wellintentioned but bad in principle.

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### What happened?

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• The EC has drawn its recommendation from a proposal the Law Commission mooted in 2014.

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- The Commission had called for **including a new section in the RPA** to expand the ambit of the disqualification provision to include a person against whom "**a charge has been framed by a competent court** for an offence punishable by at least five years imprisonment" for a period of six years.
- Or "till the date of quashing of charge or acquittal, whichever is earlier".  $\slash n$
- The EC has also sought to make **bribery a cognisable offence** under the CrPC, which would bestow on the police the authority to arrest an accused without a warrant.

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• These are draconian measures, which violate the principles of natural justice.

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# What is the principles of natural justice?

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- Natural justice implies fairness, reasonableness, equity and equality.  $\ensuremath{\sc n}$
- Natural justice is the concept of common law and it is the common-law world counterpart of the American 'procedural due process'.  $\n$
- In India, the principles of natural justice are **firmly grounded in Article 14** and 21 of the Constitution.

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- Principles of natural justice are attracted whenever a person suffers a civil consequence or a prejudice is caused to him in any administrative action.  $\n$
- These two are the basic pillars of the Principles of Natural Justice. No system of law can survive without these two basic pillars.n

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- Nemo in propria causa judex, esse debet 'No one should be made a judge in his own case, or the rule against bias.'
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- Audi alteram partem 'Hear the other party, or the rule of fair hearing, or the rule that no one should be condemned unheard.'
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# What is the problem with the move?

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• The call for such a drastic measure evidently stems from the failure to curb corruption in elections.

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• It is said that the RPA provisions have failed to act as a deterrent against electoral malpractices since trials extend for years and rarely result in convictions.

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- The RPA, indeed, has a provision to disqualify and bar a legislator if convicted for poll graft. However, the keyword here is conviction.
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- It is true that, democracy needs to be cleansed of electoral malpractices, but that must be done by the patient labour of improving processes and reforming institutions.

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#### What is the way forward?

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- The way out is to reform the judicial process and ensure early and timebound trial and closure in cases.
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- Surely, there must be effective deterrence to prevent the subversion of due process, but the onus for ensuring that must to be on institutions.  $\n$

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### Source: The Hindu

