

# **Solutions to Open Defecation Problem**

### What is pit emptying?

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• A pit latrine is a type of toilet that collects human feces in a hole in the ground.

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- $\bullet$  The emptying can either be done manually with shovels and buckets or with motorized pumps.  $\mbox{\sc h}$

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#### Why Indians don't want to use pit latrines?

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- As these latrines require periodic manual pit emptying, most of the rural Indians don't want to use pit latrines.
- $\bullet$  They are afraid of the problems they will face when the pit fills up.
- $\bullet$  For this reason, they build a very large pit that would take decades to fill up.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- But, latrines with very large pits are expensive. So, most rural families couldn't afford them and they opt for open defecation.

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### What is the government's response?

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• Government's solution to the problem of pit emptying is to **promote** affordable latrines with two pits.

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- The two-pit latrine design is a technical and biological solution to the problems of open defecation and manual scavenging.
- Having a second pit would allow the contents of a first pit to decompose before being emptied.
- According to the Prohibition of Manual Scavenging Act, emptying human waste that has decomposed in a latrine pit is not manual scavenging, and therefore, it is not illegal.
- Also some politicians wanted to shame and embarrass people who defecate out in open, as it would force them to use the toilets.

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# What is the problem associated with the responses?

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- The two-pit latrine design **does not address the social consequences** associated with pit emptying.
- Families in rural areas don't want to empty a decomposed pit by hand as emptying even a decomposed pit is considered as ritually polluting and would cause them to become outcaste.
- The solution of shaming people is a double-edged sword, because it
  would make people to feel that they are outcastes.

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# What is the solution to the problem?

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- It is difficult to get people to change life-long habits. It is a change to their daily routine and social status.
- We need to disrupt people's existing behaviour by using powerful motives.
   But we also want people to have emotional reasons to build and use toilets.

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 Recently, Secretary of the Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation, emptied the decomposed waste from a twin-pit latrine in Warangal district.

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 His action deserves praise because he identified the problem of pit emptying must become central to India's efforts to eliminate open defecation.

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- $\bullet$  This effort must not stop and demonstrations must be done from celebrities to village leaders across the country.  $\$
- So the real challenge lies at effort to change people's minds on how about and where to defecate, who can empty latrine pits, and ultimately, how Dalits should be treated.

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Source: The Indian Express & The Hindu

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