

Social Support for TB Patients

Why in news?

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The Central TB Division has said the government would hand over a sum of Rs. 500/month to each of India's 35 lakh identified TB patients.

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What is TB?

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• Tuberculosis (TB) is an infectious disease usually caused by the bacterium Mycobacterium tuberculosis.

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- ullet It generally affects the lungs, but can also affect other parts of the body.
- The <u>World Health Organisation's TB Report</u>, 2017 stated that <u>India had the highest number of tuberculosis patients</u> across the globe.

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How can it be eliminated?

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- \bullet Elimination of Tuberculosis is defined as restricting new infections to less than one case per 100,000 people. \n
- This is certainly possible only if patients are diagnosed and cured without any break in treatment.
- Interruptions can exponentially raise the patient's risk of developing multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB), which is harder to treat.
- The <u>Revised National TB Control Programme</u> (RNTCP) thus aims at offering regular and uninterrupted supply of high quality anti-tuberculosis drugs.

• The drug regimen, called Directly Observed Treatment Short-Course (DOTS), is provided for free of cost under the Programme.

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How effective can the recent measure be?

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• The funds are intended to offset the loss of wages due to TB, and to help with travel and nutrition.

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 Studies are showing that there is a considerable linkage between low body mass index and nutritional deficiencies and the higher rates of disease.

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• <u>Under-nutrition</u> is also an established <u>risk factor for progression of latent TB</u> infection to active TB.

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• <u>Under-nutrition</u> contributes to an estimated over one million new cases of annual TB incidence in India.

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- Half of all adult Indian TB patients get the disease due to malnutrition.
- Given this, the proposed assistance of Rs. 500 may address only a part of the problem.

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• The Central TB Division had proposed to <u>double the rations under the public</u> <u>distribution system</u> to families of TB patients.

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• This is expected to decrease the possibility of contracting the disease.

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What should be done?

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• Taking forward the TB-diet link, it is essential that proper <u>research into the right kind of interventions</u> be taken up.

• The <u>right nutritional supplement</u> for TB patients should be devised and incorporated into governmental interventions.

- Nutritional assessment, <u>counselling and support</u> are integral aspects and should be integrated into the overall care management of TB patients. $\$
- \bullet Ultimately, reduction of TB burden in India and its elimination will require improving the <u>nutritional status of the community as a whole.</u> \n

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Source: The Hindu

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