

# SC's Stay on RBI's Circular

## Why in news?

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• The Supreme Court has ordered a stay on the implementation of RBI's February 12 circular dealing with insolvency proceedings. Click <a href="here">here</a> to know more on the issue.

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#### What is the case on?

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• The RBI's circular is part of a revised RBI framework for resolution of stressed assets in the economy.

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• It mandates insolvency proceedings under the new Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) for a debt servicing default beyond 180 days.

• It also asks banks to recognise loans as non-performing even if repayment was delayed by just one day.

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• Power firms have argued that the provision was unfair.

• It's because their debt repayment capacity was directly linked to revenue from power distribution companies.

• It is also depended on the availability of coal, a natural resource closely regulated by the State.

• The Allahabad High Court thus earlier refused to grant relief to troubled power companies facing action from the RBI.

 $\bullet$  But the SC has now ordered that insolvency proceedings should not commence against the defaulting power companies.  $\mbox{\sc has}$ 

### What is the SC's rationale?

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• The current insolvency resolution process has its own flaws, despite the benefits.

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• Lenders could realistically expect to recover less than a tenth of their dues if stressed assets are to be liquidated.

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 $\bullet$  It's because the IBC overemphasises on speedy resolution than the recovery of maximum value from stressed assets.

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• Power companies thus argue that their assets could yield better returns if resolved completely outside the IBC's purview.

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• With SC's order, the distressed power companies and many other firms in shipping, sugar and textile sectors would be relieved.

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• The decision is also helpful for the banks as they would have time for the recognition of bad loan losses.

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#### What are the concerns?

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• **Intervention** - The troubles of power companies can be traced to structural issues such as the -

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 $i.\ absence\ of\ meaningful\ price\ reforms$ 

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ii. unreliable fuel supply

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iii. unsustainable finances of public sector power distribution companies  $\n$ 

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- So banks are unlikely to make much money out of the stressed assets until these structural problems are addressed.
- $\bullet$  Certainly, policymakers, and not courts, would have to take charge and resolve these issues. \n

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- So the Court's decision to intervene will do very little good in the long run to either stressed power companies or their lenders.
- **IBC** The decision will transfer all pleas seeking exception from RBI's circular to the court itself.

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• This has come as the biggest challenge against the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) yet.

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- $\bullet$  Postponement of next hearing and the resultant delay undermines the new bankruptcy regime's feature of resolution within a strict time frame. \n
- It is thus likely to cause significant uncertainty in the resolution of stressed assets.

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 $\bullet$  It would also undermine investor confidence in the bankruptcy process.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$ 

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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