

## **Recognition of Palestine State**

**Prelims:** Current events of national and international importance

## Why in News?

Recently, at the UN General Assembly, France became the latest global power to recognize Palestine statehood, a day after the United Kingdom, Canada, and Australia did so.

- **New recognitions** F rance, the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, Portugal, Belgium, Luxembourg, Malta, Monaco, and Andorra all announced their recognition of Palestine.
- **Growing international support** This wave of recognition increased the total number of UN member states that recognize Palestine to **157**, or approximately 81% of all members.

India recognized Palestine as a state in November 1988, making it one of the first countries to do so.

- **U.S. position** The U.S. government remains opposed to unilateral recognition and has historically vetoed resolutions for Palestine's full UN membership, stating that a Palestinian state must be achieved through direct negotiation with Israel.
- **New York Declaration** The latest moves at the UN followed the General Assembly's approval of the New York Declaration in mid- September 2025.
- **Strong support** The resolution, which calls for a two- state solution, was endorsed by 142 countries.
- **Key provisions** It included some of the UN's strongest language against Hamas while also condemning Israel's actions in Gaza. The declaration also outlines a roadmap for a two- state solution.
- U.S. and Israeli opposition Both Israel and the U.S. boycotted the summit where the declaration was finalized.

## **Recognition of Palestinian statehood**

- As per **International Law Criteria** to be classified as a state, an entity must have <u>defined territory, permanent population, government, capacity to enter relations with other states.</u>
- More countries recognising Palestine practically strengthens one of these.
- **Territorial control** Israel controls 100% of Palestinian territories through occupation of West Bank, East Jerusalem, and Gaza.

- Settlement construction and annexation proposals threaten Palestinian territorial claims.
- **Population and humanitarian crisis** Estimates of casualties in Gaza indicate that around 10% of the population is either killed or injured, with total deaths exceeding 65,000.
- Over a million people in Gaza face famine amid ongoing bombardment.
- Palestinian Authority (PA) PA acts as have the legal (de jure) recognition to govern certain areas in parts of the West Bank and East Jerusalem, but Israel maintains actual (de facto) control.
- **Hamas' role in Gaza** Governs Gaza under Israeli blockade since 2007, complicating statehood and governance prospects.
- Calls for reform There are demands for reform from the PA and disarmament of Hamas, though the latter remains rejected.
- Implications for Palestinian statehood Increased recognition helps the PA in international lobbying efforts, but sovereignty remains limited due to Israel's military control.
- Despite greater recognition of statehood, immediate changes to the conflict dynamics in Gaza are limited.

## Reference

The Indian express | Developments in Recognition of Palestine

