

Prelim Bits 29-12-2017

Advanced Air Defence (AAD)

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- Ballistic Missile Defence (BMD) is a two tiered defence shield which aims to destroy enemy ballistic missiles.

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- The BMD consists of two interceptor missiles, the Prithvi Defence Vehicle (PDV) and the Advanced Area Defence (AAD) missile.

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- PDV/Pradyumna Ballistic Missile Interceptor is capable of destroying missiles at exo-atmospheric (high) altitudes of 50-80 km.

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- PDV is a two stage supersonic missile fuelled by solid motor in 1st stage and liquid fuelled in 2nd stage.

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- AAD/Ashvin Advanced Defense interceptor is capable of destroying missiles at endo-atmosphere (low) altitudes of 15-30 kilometers.

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- AAD is a single-stage supersonic solid fuelled interceptor missile.

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- The Ballistic Missile Defence shield is expected to be achieved by 2022.

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- AAD was recently successfully test-fired from a test range in Odisha.

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Clean Authority of Telangana

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- Telangana government is set to introduce “Clean Authority of Telangana” to deal with solid waste, waste water and polluted air in all the urban areas across the State.

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- It is an exclusive authority modeled on the lines of a similar body in Japan.

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- It will ensure enforcement of measures aimed at containing the harm caused

through solid waste, waste water and polluted air to human health.

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LDF -Mobile App

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- Union Ministry of Agriculture has launched Livestock Disease Forewarning -Mobile Application (LDF-Mobile App).
- The app is developed by ICAR to provide early warning about diseases like Foot-and-mouth disease (FMD), Brucellosis etc.
- It will also provide information about clinical samples for the diagnosis in case of the epidemic.
- It will be beneficial for the consumers and stakeholders engaged in disease control programmes.

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The Indian Institute of Petroleum and Energy Bill, 2017

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- Parliament has recently passed “The Indian Institute of Petroleum and Energy Bill, 2017”.
- The Bill establishes the Indian Institute of Petroleum and Energy, Vishakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh.
- The Institute aims to provide high quality education and research focussing on the themes of petroleum, hydrocarbons and energy.
- The Institute is required to maintain a fund which will be credited with the funds that it receives from the central government, fees and money received from any other sources (grants and gifts).
- The accounts of the Institute shall be audited by the Comptroller and Auditor- General of India.
- The bill declares the Institute as an Institution of National Importance (INI).

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Home Ministry's Directive to NGOs

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- The Home Ministry has recently directed all NGOs, business entities and individuals who receive funds from abroad to open accounts in any of the 32 designated banks.
- The banks are integrated with Public Financial Management System (PFMS).
- The directive is issued under the powers conferred upon the central government under the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act 2010.
- It is expected to provide a higher level of transparency and hassle-free reporting compliance.

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Public Financial Management System (PFMS)

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- PFMS, earlier known as Central Plan Schemes Monitoring System (CPSMS), is a web-based online software application.
- It is launched with the objective of tracking funds released under all Plan schemes of GoI, and real time reporting of expenditure at all levels of Programme implementation.
- It is integrated with the Core banking system which helps to monitor the flow of funds.
- It has been envisaged that digitization of accounts shall be achieved through PFMS.
- It is developed and implemented by the Office of Controller General of Accounts.

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FAME II

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- FAME India Scheme [Faster Adoption and Manufacturing of (Hybrid &) Electric Vehicles in India] was launched in 2015.

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- Its objective is to support hybrid/electric vehicles market development and Manufacturing eco-system.

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- The phase I of FAME expires on March 31, 2018.

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- In phase II, the government is targeting a fully (100%) electric fleet for public transport, including buses, taxis and auto-rickshaws.

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- The FAME India Scheme is aimed at incentivising all vehicle segments i.e. 2 Wheeler, 3 Wheeler Auto, Passenger 4 Wheeler Vehicle, Light Commercial Vehicles and Buses.

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- It has 4 focus areas i.e. Technology development, Demand Creation, Pilot Projects and Charging Infrastructure.

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Source: The Hindu, PIB

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