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SNAP-10A

Remembering the world's first nuclear reactor to operate in space, SNAP-10A.

- SNAP-10A was the world's first operational nuclear reactor in space.
- SNAP-10A was launched on April 3, 1965 by the U.S.
- While it still remains in orbit, it was operational for just 43 days.
- SNAP-10A was built as a result of the System for Nuclear Auxiliary Power (SNAP) programme or SNAPSHOT for Space Nuclear Auxiliary Power Shot.
- The objective of this programme was to develop compact, lightweight, reliable atomic devices that could then be employed in space, sea, and land.
- **Reactor** The SNAP reactors had enriched uranium fuel with zirconium hydride as a moderator, and liquid Na-K alloy as the coolant.
- A thermoelectric converter was used to directly convert heat from the reactor into electricity.
- U.S. SNAP-10A is the U.S.' first and only known nuclear reactor in space.
- **Russia** Has sent quite a few of them, including one that crashed and scattered radioactive debris over Canada in 1978.

References

1. The Hindu - The world's first operational nuclear reactor in space

Fast Radio Bursts

Scientists may finally discovered what causes mysterious fast radio bursts.

- Fast radio bursts (FRB) are intense but short radio signals that last for milliseconds.
- The first FRB was discovered in 2007 by American astronomer Duncan Lorimer which led to the term '*Lorimer Bursts*'.
- Astronomers have been working on theories about what could be causing these signals, a research paper is published on that recently.
- Astronomers studied 2 neutron stars colliding and turning into a black hole generating a burst of gravitational waves.

A neutron star is the remnant of a collapsed supergiant star that was between 10 and 25 times the mass of our Sun.

- **Theory** The merging of two neutron stars colliding and turning into a black hole may have caused the fast radio bursts.
- A neutron start has a magnetic field but a black hole does not have a magnetic field.
- Based on this, the paper mentions the fast radio burst could have been generated when the strong magnetic field of a neutron star ceases to exist.
- **Limitation** The new theory can only truly apply to the fast radio burst that was discovered in FRB 20190520B.
- Scientists can't definitively say that this hypothesis of a collapsing neutron star applies to all fast radio bursts.

References

- 1. IE Astronomers may have discovered source of fast radio bursts
- 2. Science Alert What Are Fast Radio Bursts?

Performer's Rights

Actor Anushka Sharma challenged the sales tax levied against her income from advertisements and performances in award shows.

- In the year 1961, with the enactment of the Rome Convention, the concept of performer rights was accorded recognition.
- In 1994, performer rights were recognised under the **Copyright Act, 1957** in India.
- The Act is also in conformity with 2 WIPO internet treaties concluded in 1996 namely, the WIPO Copyright Treaty (WCT) and WIPO Performances and Phonograms Treaty (WPPT).
- **Performers** Indian law recognized the concept of performer in an exhaustive manner.
- <u>Section 2(qq)</u> defines the term 'performer', which includes actor, musician, dancer, acrobat, snake conjurer, a person delivering lecture or making any kind of performance.
- **Performer's Rights** <u>Section 38 and 39</u> of the Copyright Act recognize the concept of performer rights.
- The performer engages in any performance including, literary work, song, movie is entitled for performer's rights.
- For example, if copyright of a song is licensed, it would not just be the producer who would get a royalty but the singer and lyricist would also be entitled for a share.
- The protection of performer's rights is 50 years from the end of the year in which the performance was fixed or it took place.
- The performers' rights cannot be transferred or sold through an agreement.
- This ensures the production houses cannot simply buy out an artist and her work remains with her.

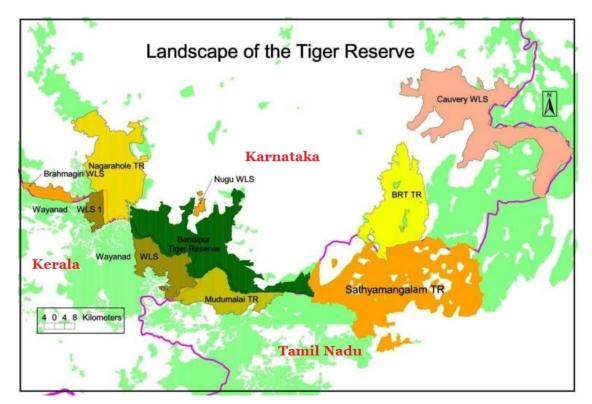
References

- 1. IE Anushka Sharma's plea on sales tax disposed of by Bombay HC
- 2. Legal Services India Rights of Performers under Copyright Law

Bandipur National Park

Bandipur completed 50 years as a Project Tiger Reserve on April 1, 2023.

- On April 1, 1973, that the then Prime Minister Indira Gandhi launched the flagship Tiger conservation programme, Project Tiger.
- Bandipur was among the first 9 reserves to be brought under Project Tiger.
- **History** Bandipur was once the private hunting grounds of the erstwhile Maharajas of Mysore.
- Bandipur National Park was formed in 1941 by including most of the forest areas of the then <u>Venugopala Wildlife Park</u>.
- In 1985 the area was enlarged and renamed as Bandipur National Park.
- At present, the adjoining <u>Nugu Wildlife Sanctuary</u> too has been incorporated under Bandipur.
- **Boundaries** <u>Moyar River</u> forms the natural southern border of Bandipur towards the Nilgiris.
- <u>Kabini reservoir</u> separates the Nagarahole and Bandipur National Park.



- **Fauna** Apart from tigers and elephants, several endangered species such as sloth bears, gaurs, Indian rock pythons, jackals, muggers, and four-horned antelopes are found here.
- **Flora** A wide range of timber trees are found here including teak, rosewood, sandalwood, Indian-laurel, Indian Kino tree, giant clumping bamboo, etc.
- **Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve** The Bandipur Tiger Reserve is an important component of Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve, the country's first biosphere reserve.
- Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve spans over Bandipur, Nagarahole, Mudumalai, and Wayanad
- Nilgiri Biosphere Reserve complex is home to the highest number of tigers (about 724) and Asian elephants in the country.

References

- 1. The Hindu Bandipur completes 50 years as Project Tiger Reserve
- 2. Bandipur National Park

Reusable Launch Vehicle Mission

ISRO successfully carried out the landing experiment of the Reusable Launch Vehicle Autonomous Landing Mission (RLV-LEX) at Challakere.

- **Reusable Launch Vehicle (RLV) Mission** of ISRO aims to develop space planes/shuttles that can travel to low earth orbits, deliver payloads and return to earth for use again.
- **RLV-TD** (Technology Demonstrator) is a series of tests in developing essential technologies for a fully reusable launch vehicle to enable low-cost access to space.
- **RLV LEX** The Reusable Launch Vehicle Autonomous Landing Mission (RLV LEX) test was the second of the 5 RLV-TDs.
- The first trial of the <u>RLV-TD</u> was conducted on May 23, 2016.
- Three more experiments have to be conducted.
 - 1. Return flight experiment (REX)
 - 2. Powered cruise flight
 - 3. Scramjet Propulsion Experiment (SPEX)
- RLV-TD will be used to develop technologies like hypersonic flight (HEX), autonomous landing (LEX), return flight experiment (REX), powered cruise flight, and Scramjet Propulsion Experiment (SPEX).
- This RLV will be scaled up to become the first stage of India's reusable two-stage orbital (TSTO) launch vehicle in the future.
- ISRO's RLV-TD looks like an aircraft.
- It consists of a fuselage, a nose cap, double delta wings, and twin vertical tails.
- 1st and 2nd RLV-TD
 - 1. The first test with RLV-TD (HEX1) involved the vehicle landing on a hypothetical runway over the Bay of Bengal.
 - 2. The second test with RLV-TD LEX experiment involved a precise landing on a runway.
- Advantages Low-cost, reliable, and on-demand mode of accessing space.
- Global Scenario of RLV Reusable space vehicles have been in existence for a long time.
- NASA space shuttles carried out dozens of human space flight missions.
- Space X demonstrates partially reusable launch systems with its Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy rockets since 2017.
- SpaceX is also working on a fully reusable launch vehicle system called Starship.

References

- 1. The Hindu ISRO successfully conducts landing experiment of RLV-TD
- 2. IE ISRO's Reusable Launch Vehicle Mission RLV LEX

