

## **New Metro Rail Policy**

## Why in news?

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• Recently Union Cabinet approves new Metro Rail Policy.

• The policy seeks to enable realization of metro rail aspirations with the use of PPP models.

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## What are the highlights of Metro Rail policy?

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• It focuses on compact urban development, cost reduction and multi-modal integration

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 It opens a big window for private investments across a range of metro operations.

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• PPP component is made mandatory for availing central assistance for new metro projects.

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 Innovative forms of financing of metro projects have been made compulsory.

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- Last mile connectivity It seeks to ensure it by focusing on a catchment area of 5 km on either side of metro stations to provide necessary last mile connectivity through feeder services
- Walking, cycling pathways and introduction of para-transport facilities are planned for this.
- Optimal utilization Urban Metropolitan Transport Authority (UMTA)
  has been made mandatory,
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- It is mandated to ensure complete multi-modal integration for optimal utilization of capacities.
- Third party Assessments Independent assessment by agencies to be identified by the Government, whose capacities would be augmented, as required in this regard.
- **Urban transformation** Transit Oriented Development (TOD) to promote compact and dense urban development along metro corridors.
- TOD reduces travel distances besides enabling efficient land use in urban areas.
- Fare Fixation It empowers States to make rules and regulations and set up permanent Fare Fixation Authority for timely revision of fares.

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## How does the policy envisage private sector participation?

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It calls for any of the following models -

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- Cost plus fee contract Private operator is paid a monthly/annual payment for Operation and maintenance of system.
- This can have a fixed and variable component depending on the quality of service.

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- Gross Cost Contract Private operator is paid a fixed sum for the duration of the contract.
- $\bullet$  Operator to bear the O&M risk while the owner bears the revenue risk.
- **Net Cost Contract** Operator collects the complete revenue generated for the services provided.
- If revenue generation is below the O&M cost, the owner may agree to compensate.

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**Source: PIB** 

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