

# Natural Hydrogen Fuel

**Prelims -** General Science | Physical, Social, Economic Geography of India and the World

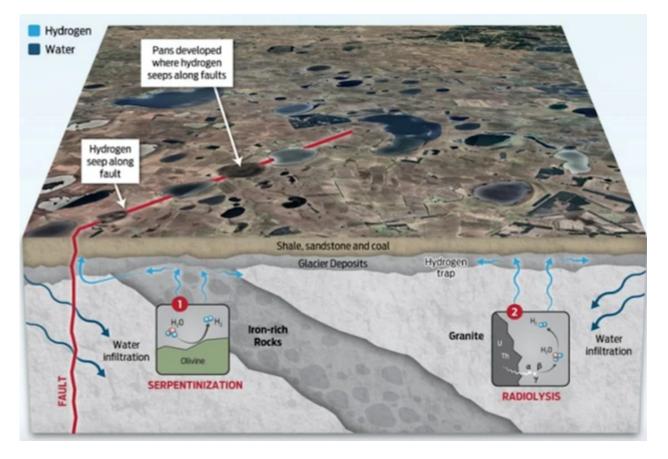
### Why in News?

According to research firm Rystad Energy, by the end of 2023, 40 companies, including start-ups, were searching for deposits of natural hydrogen around the world, up from just 10 in 2020.

- **Hydrogen** It is a *gas of diatomic molecules with the formula*  $H_2$ , officially called "dihydrogen", but also called molecular hydrogen.
- It is a colorless, odorless, flammable gas.
- Natural Hydrogen It refers to hydrogen gas that is found in its natural form beneath Earth's surface.

Natural Hydrogen is sometimes known as **white Hydrogen or gold Hydrogen or geologic Hydrogen**.

- Generation It occurs as a free gas in geology, produced by
  - **Serpentinisation**, the interaction of water and iron-containing rocks.
  - *Radiolysis of water* by radioactive rocks, and from organic matter at depth.
- Helium co-exists with hydrogen in a few reserves points that radiolysis plays a role in its generation.



- **Discovery** It was <u>1<sup>st</sup> discovered by accident in Mali</u>, contains <u>no carbon and produces</u> <u>only water when burned</u>.
- Areas for geological hydrogen generation Gas seeps, volcanic outgassing, mines and in also in active mountain ranges with tectonic activity
  - **Examples**: The Pyrenees, Alps, and Himalayas
- Current reserves Hundreds of hydrogen seeps have been in various countries, including Spain, France, Albania, Colombia, South Korea, Canada and
  - Australia Eyre Peninsula and Kangaroo Island
  - United States Kansas, Nebraska

#### Favourable Geological Structures for Natural Hydrogen in India

- Hard rock formations of diverse ultramafic/mafic and basaltic assemblages
- Andaman and Himalayan ophiolite complexes
- Greenstone volcanic-sedimentary sequences in cratons (Dharwar, Singhbhum)
- Sedimentary basis (for example, in Vindhyan, Cuddapah, Gondwana and Chhattisgarh)
- · Basement rocks with fractures
- Areas where active hydrothermal systems as represented by hot springs exist
  - **Current production** It is *manufactured mostly from natural gas* through an energy-intensive and polluting process.

Production of **Green Hydrogen** involves a process that involves splitting water into hydrogen and oxygen using renewable electricity.

• **Significance** – If harvested in a sustainable manner, it may provide a *clean and potentially low-cost fuel*.

## **Quick Facts**

- **Serpentinization** It is a geological process where ultramafic rocks, rich in minerals like olivine and pyroxene, are altered by water and converted into serpentine minerals which <u>releases hydrogen gas</u> during the process.
- **Radiolysis** It is the process in which subatomic particles naturally emitted by radioactive rocks such as granite cause certain molecules to break apart, *releasing hydrogen*.

#### Reference

The Hindu Potential of Natural Hydrogen Fuel

