

Mars Atmosphere and Volatile Evolution (MAVEN)

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Why in News?

NASA has lost contact with its MAVEN spacecraft, and engineers are still trying to reestablish communication.

- **MAVEN** It is NASA's <u>1st mission</u> devoted to understanding the <u>Martian upper</u> <u>atmosphere</u>.
- Launch Location Cape Canaveral Air Force Station, Florida.
- Launched in 2013, had a nominal duration of one year but has been operating under extended missions since entering Mars orbit in 2014.
- **Goal** To investigate how Mars lost its atmosphere and water over billions of years, transforming from a potentially habitable world into a cold desert.

Features

- Launch Vehicle Atlas V01.
- Mars Orbit Insertion Sept. 21, 2014, days before <u>Mangalyaan</u> entered Mars (Sep 24).
- Science Payload 143 pounds (65 kg) across 8 instruments, including
 - Imaging Ultraviolet Spectrograph (IUVS) Detects ultraviolet light to measure gases escaping Mars' atmosphere.
 - **Magnetometer & Mass Spectrometer -** Track solar wind penetration and elemental composition of escaping particles.
- **Orbit** It typically follows an *elliptical path*, ranging from 150 km to 6,200 km above the surface, with periodic "deep dips" to sample the atmosphere directly.
- **Communications** It is equipped with a high-gain antenna and an Electra Ultra High Frequency (UHF) package to relay data from Mars rovers and landers back to Earth.

Key Discoveries

- **Atmospheric Loss** MAVEN observed oxygen, carbon, and hydrogen atoms escaping into space, once *part of CO₂ and H₂O molecules*.
- **Solar Wind Impact** It found that Mars loses atmosphere primarily due to solar wind particles striking its unprotected atmosphere.
- **Seasonal Variation** Mars loses 10 times more hydrogen when closer to the Sun compared to farther away.
- Auroras Unlike Earth's polar auroras, MAVEN detected planet-wide auroras on

Mars caused by solar wind penetrating deeply into the atmosphere.

• Wind Mapping - It has created the 1st global wind map of Mars' upper atmosphere.

Quick Fact

Mars Orbiter Mission (MOM)/Mangalyaan

- Launched on November 5, 2013
- India became the 1^{st} nation to reach Mars on its very first attempt.
- Launch Vehicle PSLV-XL (C25)
- **Purpose** It was primarily a technology demonstration venture, to explore and observe Mars surface features, morphology, mineralogy and the Martian atmosphere.

References

- 1. The Hindu | NASA loses contact with MAVEN
- 2. NASA | MAVEN
- 3. Planetary Society | MAVEN

