

Leptobrachium Aryatium

Prelims (GS I) – Current events of national and international importance | General issues on Environmental ecology, Bio-diversity and Climate Change.

Mains (GS III) - Conservation.

Why in News?

Leptobrachium aryatium, a new-to-science frog recorded from Garbhanga Reserve Forest on the southwestern part of Guwahati bordering Meghalaya.

- Genus Leptobrachium.
 - It comprising a group of stocky frogs with broad heads, relatively short hind limbs, and distinctively coloured eyes, currently consists of 38 species.
 - $\circ\,$ It is widely distributed across Southern China and India to islands of the Sunda Shelf and the Philippines.
- **Nomenclature** -Named to honour Arya Vidyapeeth College's enduring contribution to education and science.
- **Appearance** It has fiery orange-and-black eyes, a unique reticulated throat pattern, and a smooth, rhythmic call at dusk.
- **Distinction** Scientific analysis of its appearance, DNA, and call patterns confirmed that this was a previously unknown species.



Garbhanga Reserve Forest

- It is located *southwest of Guwahati*, near the Assam-Meghalaya border.
- The forest is dominated by evergreen and deciduous trees, bamboo groves, and medicinal plants.
- **Notable species** Hoolock Gibbon, Leopards, Elephants, Deer species (barking deer and sambar deer), Various reptiles and amphibians (Rare frogs, snakes, and monitor lizards).

• **Threats** - Poaching, Timber smuggling, and illegal mining.

Reference

The Hindu | Leptobrachium aryatium

