

Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalayas - Supaul Incident

What is the issue?

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Several girls were recently brutally thrashed in their school compound, in Supaul, Bihar, by local boys for opposing their sexual advances.

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What happened?

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• The boys are from the same village where the KGBV (Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya) is located.

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• Reportedly, the girls were attacked because they resisted vulgar messages conveyed on their hostel walls by the boys.

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• They threatened to harm the girls and finally did it, and the girls got badly injured.

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 The girls had earlier complained to the school authorities regarding this but nothing came of it.

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What is the KGBV scheme?

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• The Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya (KGBV) scheme forms a successful chapter of SSA.

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• Residential schools like the KGBV were set up all over India under the Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA).

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• KGBV schools aim at giving rural girls who had dropped out of school, before ending the primary stage, a second chance.

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• Instead going through the primary stage again, Kasturba schools offer a fulltime residential opportunity to start at grade 6 level and finish grade 8 when everyone else does.

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- Kasturba schools have made notable success and progress in achieving this goal, despite extremely modest financial support.
- KGBVs specifically retained the girls they admit from marginalised sections.
- \bullet These include the Schedule Castes, Scheduled Tribes, the minorities and upper castes below the poverty line. $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$
- Moreover, a common element among the girls in the recent incident is poverty.

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• Their parents prefer to let them stay at a poorly funded hostel because conditions at home are more worse.

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 \bullet Their parents value the opportunity in these rural residential schools which they cannot otherwise afford. $\ensuremath{\backslash} n$

What are the policy shortfalls?

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- The official website of the Supaul district presents an impressive list of measures taken by the police to ensure security and peace.
- \bullet But these measures did not suffice to help those 10 to 14 year-old girls.
- \bullet This is not the first time that a KGBV has faced a security breach. $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- As it happens in all schemes meant for the poorest sections, the infrastructure and services are minimal and KGBVs are largely insecure.
- Until a few years ago, the state government ran some of the KGBVs with help from the Mahila Samakhya.
- \bullet It is a reputed women's empowerment programme, which imparted efficiency and institutional capacity to the KGBVs under its care. $\$

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- But sadly, KGBVs have lost their special status now and, the larger umbrella of SSA has been shrinking, both financially and spirit-wise.
- Compromised provision for basic needs like food, healthcare and security has restrained many KGBVs' progress, especially in northern India.
- Poorly trained staff and vulnerability of employment have also weakened the scheme.

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 \bullet There is lack of motivation and inadequate funds to keep up with inflation. $\ensuremath{^{\text{h}}}$

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What lies ahead?

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- \bullet KGBVs certainly serve the poor, and play a role in improving gender parity. $\ensuremath{^{\backslash n}}$
- They will remain in demand and will need a longer-term plan and infrastructure.

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 Temporary arrangements like supply of smart boards and digital devices may not do.

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 Financial and pedagogic inputs will have to be radically enhanced for schooling to have effects on poverty.

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Source: Indian Express

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