

# Japan's Geopolitical Worldview

#### What is the issue?

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Japan is trying to fill the vacuum created by the U.S.'s withdrawal from East Asian affairs.

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#### What is the need?

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- China's ascent combined with the unreliability of a Trump-led U.S. is causing Tokyo to rethink its diplomatic initiatives in Asia.
- While it has been under US's security net for long, it no longer believes that the U.S. defence umbrella is sufficient for its security.
- Also the US's "America First Policy" is expected to lead to an overall withdrawal of US interests in the east Asian region.
- Notably, Japan is in a restless neighbourhood, with North Korea's relentless missile program and China's aggressive posturing.

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## What are Japan's recent responses?

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- $\bullet$  Initiating new security dialogues and developing multilateral trade agreements are currently being prioritised by Japan.  $\mbox{\sc h}$
- Constitutional Clause Japan has been having a pacifist constitution since the  $2^{\rm nd}$  world war.
- As, it was written just after the war devastation under US assistance and severely restricted military budgets and capacity expansion.

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 $\bullet$  Notably, PM Shinzo Abe has currently promised to revise the restrictive sections to enhance military spending and capabilities. \n

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- **Commerce** Chinese growing influence in the region through commercial and strategic partnerships is getting to be a concern for Japan.
- $\bullet$  Tokyo is focussing on its capital and technological expertise to influence countries in the region and beyond to counter China.  $\$
- Financial Power Japan is stepping up aid and investment in Southeast Asia.

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- Such financing has more than doubled in the last 5 years.
- It has aided the construction of a train line near Manila, a seaport in Cambodia, war reconstruction efforts in Philippines and multiple projects in Vietnam.

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- The sales pitches have almost always been by contrasting their products with China's in terms of safety and reliability.
- **TPP** With the U.S.'s departure from Trans Pacific Partnership (TPP), Japan has become the principal driving force behind it.
- Notably, at the recent "Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation summit" in Vietnam, Japan convinced all members on board to agree on the "core elements" of the TPP deal.

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• Quadrilateral Alliance - The Quad (that has Japan, India, US & Australia as members) has been envisioned with the phrasing "a free and open Indo-Pacific".

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 $\bullet$  This is seemingly an open counter to China's territorial claims over the South China Sea, through which nearly 30% of world's trade flows. \n

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### How does the future look?

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- Japan is aware that unilateral moves would invariably invoke images of militarism and expansionism, which is undesirable.
- $\bullet$  Hence, it wants to use the bilateral ties to create a multilateral architecture in the region.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- However, Japan's aggressions during the  $2^{nd}$  world war has generated considerable hatred for it in the region, which is challenging to mend.

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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