

# **Israel - Iran Conflict**

Mains Syllabus: GS II - Bilateral, regional and global groupings and agreements involving India and/or affecting India's interests.

## Why in the News?

The conflict between Israel and Iran is escalating to higher level of war zone.

# What is the history of Israel - Iran Conflict?

- Early US Iran Cooperation In 1953, US helped the overthrow of Iranian popular Prime Minister Mohammed Mossadegh restoring Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi to Power.
- Iran US Nuclear Cooperation In 1957, Iran US nuclear deal was signed and US provided nuclear reactors and uranium enrichment facility to Iran.
- In 1970, Iran ratified Non-proliferation treaty , giving it the right to civil nuclear programme.
- Government Change in Iran In 1979, Iran's Islamic Revolution forced shah to flee and upended ties with US and other major powers.
- US and Iraq In 1984, US resorted it's ties with Iraq and supported it in it's war against Iran.
- Iran Russia Nuclear Support In 1995, Russia agreed to support Iran in building nuclear reactor.
- **Nuclear Problem** In 2002, western intelligence services revealed the secret uranium enrichment facility of Iran.
- Cyber Attack on Iran Nuclear Facility In 2010, The Stuxnet computer virus , widely believed to be a joint US-Israeli creation, disrupted and destroyed Iranian centrifuges.
- **Comprehensive Nuclear Agreement** In 2015, World powers and Iran announced a long term comprehensive agreement to limit Iran's nuclear enrichment program.
- Withdrawal of US In 2018, U.S. withdrew from the Iran's nuclear deal with world powers.
- Israel attack on Iran In 2020, alleged Israel attacks against Iran's nuclear program were stepped up and Iran's top nuclear scientist and commanders of Iranian revolutionary guard ware assassinated.
- **Iran Upgrades Uranium Enrichment** In 2021, Iran began enriching Uranium upto 60% level, it's highest purity ever and a technical step from weapons grade levels of 90%.
- Hamas Attack on Israel In 2023, Iran supported the Hamas attack on Israel from Gaza strip.

- **Escalated Attacks** In 2024, Iran and Israel have started directly attacking each others infrastructures and territories.
- Israel launched 'Operation Rising Lion' against Iran and Iran launched 'Operation True Promise 3' in retaliation.

# What are the significances of Israel and Iran to India?

- **Significance of West Asia** West Asia is not just the source of 40% of its remittances but also 54% of oil imports and the region accounts for over \$170 billion in trade.
- Israel Defence Partner India's defence imports from Israel have soared in the past decade, from about \$5.6 million in 2015 to \$128 million presently.
- **Iran Energy Supplier** Though trade with Iran dropped from about \$14 billion in 2017 to \$1.4 billion last year, It is still an important energy supplier to India.
- Indian Diaspora There are about 10000 Indians in Israel and 25000 to 30000 in Iran as students and working professionals.
- **Connectivity** India's connectivity plans for the India Middle East Europe Economic Corridor, International North-South Transport Corridor depends on Israel and Iran respectively.





#### What are the impacts of the conflict on India?

- **Declining Trade** India has had declining levels of trade with both Iran and Israel in the last few years due to tensions in the region.
- **Decline in Israel Trade** Tensions in the Gulf region post-attacks as well as Israeli operations on Gaza have also sent trade with Israel down from \$11 billion in 2022 to \$3.75 billion last year.
- **Decline in Iran Trade** India's imports from Iran dropped to \$441 million in FY2025, down from \$625 million the previous year and exporters are increasingly cautious and some are holding back shipments due to payment delays and heightened risks.
- **Trade Route Disruptions** The Tensions in the region will affect the trade through the red sea , particularly the Strait of Hormuz.
- **Impact on Energy Security** About 60–65% of India's crude oil imports pass through the Strait of Hormuz, a critical maritime route bordered by Iran.
- Disruption in Strait Hormuz, could sharply increase oil and LNG prices, given that 40-50% of India's energy imports come through the area.
- **Impact on Connectivity Plans** Prolonged Israel-Iran conflict will affect India's connectivity plans for the India Middle East Europe Economic Corridor, International North-South Transport Corridor.
- **Spiraling Economic Effect** The rise in Shipping costs, security, and insurance premiums lead to more costly imports, less competitive exports, and inflation.

## What are the geopolitical challenges for New Delhi?

- **Criticism of US and allies** The U.S. and G-7 countries have largely backed Israel strikes as its "right to defend itself".
- **Involvement of Pakistan** The U.S. may ask Pakistan for support in a possible operation in Iran, from logistics to overflight and refuelling to intelligence sharing, will make India's path more difficult.

- Global South Sympathizes Iran The Global South, which has been very critical of Israel's war in Gaza, has also expressed sympathies with Iran during the current crisis.
- **Iran in BRICS** Since Iran joined the BRICS and has the support of BRICS members, India will face a harder challenge in separating itself from any statement that is issued there.
- **Gulf Challenge** There's also the possible cost to India's ties with the Gulf region that has to be factored in.

## What were the reactions of India?

- **Expressed Concerns** India has shared It's concern and emphasised the need for early restoration of peace and stability in the region.
- **Dialogue with Iran** Indian External Affairs Minister S. Jaishankar expressed deep concern of the international community at the turn of events," and urged against retaliation and for diplomacy.
- **Balanced Approach** The Ministry of External Affairs (MEA) played safe, calling for dialogue and diplomacy while making no criticism of Israel for launching the strikes.
- **Disassociation from SCO Statement** India also disassociated from a statement of the Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO), which includes China, Russia, Iran, Pakistan, Belarus and Central Asian states, that had condemned Israel's "aggression".
- Abstention from UN Resolution India had abstained in a UN resolution for a ceasefire in Gaza, even when Every other member of BRICS, SCO and SAARC and even all G-7 members minus the U.S. had voted in favour of the resolution.
- **Operation Sindu** It was launched to evacuate Indian citizens from conflict-affected regions of Iran and Israel.

## What lies ahead?

- Dealing with the Israel-Iran conflict has always meant a tricky tightrope balance for New Delhi, given its strong ties with both countries.
- India can actively advocate for diplomacy and dialogue, urging both parties to deescalate and return to negotiations.
- To mitigate risks from disruptions in the Strait of Hormuz and trade with Iran, India can accelerate diversification of its energy sources and trade routes.
- India can leveraging its upcoming G20 presidency and leadership within the Quad, India could initiate a "West Asia Stability Dialogue" — a Track II peace process involving the Arab League, the EU, Iran, and Israel under one neutral platform.

## References

- 1. <u>The Hindu | Impact of Israel-Iran conflict</u>
- 2. <u>The Hindu | A brief history of Iran and Israel's escalating conflict</u>

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