

International Exchange Initiative on Regulating E-Waste

Prelims: Current events of national and international importance

Why in News?

Recently, India hosted the International Exchange Initiative on Regulating E-Waste and Engaging Tech Companies in New Delhi.

- **Aim** - To **strengthen global e-waste governance and build a circular economy** for electricals and electronics.
- Help countries **build effective, context-specific e-waste systems**.
- **Organised by** - International Telecommunication Union (ITU)
- **Supporting agencies** - APC Colombia (Presidential Agency for International Cooperation of Colombia).
- **Department of Telecommunications (DoT)**.
- **Participants - Countries** - Colombia, Dominican Republic, India, Malaysia, Nigeria, South Africa
- **Stakeholders** - Indian policymakers, regulators, industry representatives and recycling practitioners.
- **Objectives** - Facilitate **peer learning and practical insights** into sustainable e-waste management.
- Promote circular economy principles across electronics and telecom sectors.
- Build trust and long-term collaboration between countries and industry.

Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is an environmental policy principle that makes producers accountable for the end-of-life of the products they sell.

• Themes -

Domain	Focus Area
Regulatory frameworks & governance	• Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR), digital compliance systems, and data-driven monitoring.
Circular economy approaches	• Coordination among producers, recyclers, operators and integration of the informal sector.
Standardisation & skill development	• International standards, workforce capacity-building, recycling innovation and technologies.

- **Key Highlights** - India has **emerged as a hub for global knowledge exchange** in e-waste and the circular economy.

- **India's digital ecosystem -**
 - Nearly 1 billion internet users.
 - UPI handles 12 billion monthly transactions.
- **Benefits** - Responsible e-waste management can
 - generate green jobs.
 - Enable recovery of critical materials.
 - Reduce import dependence.
 - Strengthen supply chain resilience.

Quick Fact

Global E-Waste Challenge

- **Generation** - Globally, 62 million tonnes of e-waste are generated annually; only 22.3% is formally collected and recycled.
- **Legislation** - Countries with e-waste laws show significantly higher collection rates.
- **EPR** - Of 81 countries with e-waste policies, 67 include Extended Producer Responsibility.

Reference

[PIB | International Exchange Initiative on Regulating E-Waste](#)