

# **India-Vietnam Bilateral Relationship**

#### Why in news?

During the recent visit of the Vietnamese PM to India, both nations signed many agreements to deepen strategic partnership and enhance cooperation.

### What are the key highlights of Vietnam's PM's visit to India?

- They have <u>signed nine agreements</u> in the fields of customs, agriculture, legal, radio and television broadcast, culture and tourism.
- **Strategic partnership** They signed the *Plan of Action* for the implementation of the Comprehensive Strategic Partnership for the period of **2024-2028**.
- **Strengthen bilateral dialogue** It also includes the *Joint Commission for Economic, Trade, Scientific and Technological Cooperation* for mutual benefit.
- **G & B cooperation** Both agreed to reinforce <u>cooperation at the level of</u> <u>governments and businesses</u> for increasing two-way trade, investment and technological partnership.
- Removing trade barriers Both concurred that the ongoing review of the <u>ASEAN-India Trade in Goods Agreement</u> should generate a more user-friendly, simple and trade-facilitative regime for both countries.
- **Investments** Both agreed to continue efforts to promote investment flows between the two countries.
- **Defence cooperation** Both commended the effective implementation of the <u>Joint</u> <u>Vision Statement on India-Viet Nam Defence Partnership towards 2030.</u>
- An <u>Army Software Park</u> was established in Vietnam with the support of the Government of India.
- National Maritime Heritage Complex- Both have signed a MoU to develop the National Maritime Heritage Complex (NMHC) *in Lothal, Gujarat* to showcase historical ties through artifact exchanges, technological collaboration, and educational initiatives.
- It will feature a *world-class lighthouse museum*, the largest open aquatic gallery, and India's grandest naval museum, among others.
- **Economic Ties-** The leaders discussed enhancing bilateral trade, aiming to increase it from \$14.8 billion to \$20 billion.
- **Fintech** Both encouraged the development of a framework to promote bilateral cooperation in financial innovation and digital payments.
- Maritime Security- They unveiled new initiatives, including a \$300 million credit line for Vietnam's maritime security.
- Education The <u>Centre of Excellence for Software Development and Training</u> was established in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam, with Indian cooperation.
- **South China Sea-** The visit underscores both countries' commitment to <u>strategic</u> <u>autonomy and multi-alignment amidst regional tensions</u>, particularly concerning

- China's influence in the South China Sea.
- **Strengthening ASEAN-India ties** The leaders appreciated the <u>ASEAN-India Joint</u> <u>Statement on Cooperation</u> on the <u>ASEAN Outlook on the Indo-Pacific (AOIP)</u> for Peace, Stability, and Prosperity in the Region.

#### What are the pillars of the India-Vietnam Relationship?



Political Relations- India and Vietnam upgraded their relationship to a

<u>Comprehensive Strategic Partnership in 2016 reflecting their strong political ties and mutual commitment.</u>

• There have been regular high-level exchanges between the two countries.

The 2024 visit of the Vietnam Prime Minister to India marks the first time a Vietnamese PM has travelled to India in a decade.

- **Trade Relations-** India and Vietnam have seen significant growth in *bilateral trade*, *reaching around USD 15 billion* in recent years.
- India's exports to Vietnam amounted to <u>USD 5.47 billion</u>, and <u>Vietnam's exports to India were USD 9.35 billion</u>.
- **Bilateral investments**—*India's investments in Vietnam* include infrastructure, technology, industries, agriculture, innovation and startups, semi-conductors, renewable energy and electricity generation, biogas and polyester fabrics, among others.
- <u>Vietnam's investments in India</u> include agriculture, agro-processing, aquaculture, wood processing, bamboo and forestry products, hospitality and tourism, e-vehicles, healthcare and services in India.
- **Defence** India and Vietnam have robust Defence ties.
- India has provided Vietnam with Defence equipment and training and both have conducted joint naval exercises 'VINBAX'.
- **Education and capacity building** Bilateral development cooperation under the framework of *Mekong-Ganga Cooperation* through quick impact projects, ITEC training and educational scholarships.
- **Mutual support in the global arena** Both collaborate in various international forums, including the *United Nations and the World Trade Organization*.
- Vietnam supports India's membership in UN Security Council.
- Maritime security Both countries have a shared interest in maintaining freedom of navigation in the South China Sea, where Vietnam has ongoing territorial disputes with China.
- **ASEAN ties** Both countries work closely within the framework of ASEAN to address regional challenges and enhance economic integration.
- India supports Vietnam's role in ASEAN and its contributions to regional stability.
- **Connectivity**—There has been an *increase in direct flights* between the two countries, which has expanded two-way travel and tourism flows.
- **Indian Diaspora** The Indian community in Vietnam numbers around 8500, and the majority of them are based in and around <u>Ho Chi Minh City (HCMC)</u>, with a couple of thousand living in and around Hanoi.

## What is the significance of the India-Vietnam relationship?

- Vietnam's location in Southeast Asia positions it as a <u>crucial partner for India in</u> <u>balancing China's growing influence in the region</u>.
- Vietnam is a rapidly growing economy, and India-Vietnam bilateral trade has reached 15 billion US dollars.
- The current geopolitical realities call for closer cooperation between New Delhi and

Hanoi.

- Their collaboration among institutions can voice issues of interest to the Global South.
- Greater student, faculty and research exchanges between universities, think tanks and other institutions of the two countries are in the line of
  - $_{\circ}$  India's 'Viksit Bharat @ 2047' and
  - Viet Nam's vision to become a high-income developed country by 2045
- Indian PM has said Vietnam is an "<u>important partner" in India's Act East Policy and</u> Indo-Pacific vision.
- Enhanced defence cooperation based on mutual interest and priorities of the two countries will contribute to greater *stability in the wider Indo-Pacific region*.

#### **References**

- 1. PIB | India and Vietnam MoU
- 2. DDnews | India and Vietnam agreements

