

India & China - A Shared Future

What is the issue?

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• India & China have a lot of shared concerns and aspirations.

 The maturity shown in easing the Doklam standoff could pave the way for a new chapter in the India China relationship.

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What accompanied the ending of Doklam standoff?

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• A consensus was reached to enhance mutual trust, focus on cooperation and manage differences.

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 Revitalizing a series of dialogues mechanisms and to promote youth and educational cooperation was also agreed upon.

• Stress was laid on mutually seeing each other as development partners rather than as threats.

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 Above all, both sides have displayed their intent to conduct comprehensive dialogues to sort out any future differences.

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What have been notable areas of co-operation?

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- **Business** Economic and trade cooperation between the two countries have been gaining momentum steadily and crossed \$70 billion last year.
- China has been for many years the largest trading partner of India.

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• More than 500 Chinese companies have invested and started business in India with a total investment of over \$5 billion.

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 Many Indian enterprises of IT, pharmacy and consultancy have entered the Chinese market.

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• **Cultural** - People-to-people exchanges are also thriving with mutual visits having exceeded one million.

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• Yoga, Darjeeling tea, and Bollywood movies have become fashionable among the Chinese youth.

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• Work is also on to hold the Annual Indian Tourism Conference in Yunnan province in China.

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• Lower Government exchanges - China and India have established 14 pairs of sister cities and provinces.

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- \bullet Assam representatives attended the Hangzhou International Tea Exporecently and China helped the Kerala government introduce rubber dams. \n
- **High Diplomacy** Both the countries have maintained close high-level communications.

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• Top leaders have met more than a dozen times in past couple of years in bilateral and multilateral occasions.

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• Both countries share a common ground on issues like IMF reforms & WTO's Agreeement on Agriculture.

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Source: The Hindu

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