

India Canada - BIT negotiations

Why in news?

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India is planning to consider some of the demands of Canada regarding the model Bilateral Investment Treaty (BIT).

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What is BIT?

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- It is an agreement establishing the terms and conditions for private investment by nationals and companies of one state in another state.
- Government of India has signed BITs with 83 countries.
- They are based on a model BIT formulated by India in 2016.
- The model BIT provides the framework for new negotiations with its trading partners.

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What are the demands of Canada?

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- **ISDS** Canada has been insisting on concessions in the inter-state dispute settlement (ISDS) mechanism.
- ISDS mandates that all domestic options need to be exhausted (i.e settlement via domestic courts) before a company can go for international arbitration.

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• Since there are no time-lines for settling the cases, Canada wants more options in case domestic courts take long time in settling disputes.

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- MFN Canada has demanded an upgrade to a 'Most Favoured Nation '(MFN) status which will provide for more economic relaxations. $\$
- \bullet Along with this it also asked for a MFN-forward clause.
- This means that whatever concessions that India may extend in future to other trading partners will automatically extended to Canada.
- **Ratcheting** It is also demanding a ratcheting provision.
- This is to make sure that the benefits arising from future liberalisation of India's domestic policies are automatically extended to Canada, and viceversa.

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- **CEPA** It also wants tp fasten the negotiations of 'Comprehensive Economic Partnership Agreement' (CEPA).
- CEPA is a comprehensive free trade agreement under which two trade partners significantly reduce or eliminate Customs duties, besides liberalising trade in services and investment norms.

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Why is India considering the demands?

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- Model-BIT has given flexibility for negotiations that began earlier.
- BIT with Canada was already under negotiations when the model BIT text was passed.

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- \bullet Investments from Canada have also been steadily increasing and are expected to go up further once the BIT and the CEPA are in place. $\mbox{\sc h}$
- \bullet So there is a possibility for considering these demands. $\ensuremath{^{\backslash n}}$
- At the same time India is also cautious as it does not want to get involved in international arbitration cases with foreign companies nor to sacrifice its domestic policy space.

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Source: Business Line

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