

Increasing Income Inequality

What is the issue?

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- Income of labourers is decreasing & that of capitalists is increasing. $\footnote{harmonic}$
- \bullet Generally globalisation and automation is blamed for this. $\ensuremath{^{\text{h}}}$

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Can globalisation and automation be blamed?

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• **Globalisaation** - Rich countries tend have a lot of capital and poor countries tend have a lot of labor.

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• When rich & poor countries trade, labor's income share should go down in the rich countries due to increased supply of labour.

• At the same time income of labors should rise in the poor countries due to increased demand.

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• But the labor share has been falling not just in rich nations, but in developing countries as well.

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- If globalization is purely to be blamed, this anamoly wouldn't be happening.
- **Automation** If automation is the only reason then, developing countries shouldn't be experiencing the fall in labor share because in technological terms they're far behind the rich countries.
- \bullet Investment goods like machines, vehicles, computers haven't really become cheap enough in poor countries. \n

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What is the real reason?

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• **Poor Counties** - When poor countries are isolated from the global economy, they tend to specialize in things that rely on a lot of cheap labor -- farming, labor-intensive manufacturing & low-end services.

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• Capital owners do well, but can't get truly rich, because of lack of high-end investments and incure considerable labour costs.

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• But when trade opens up, the rich countries start offshoring manufacturing jobs to the poor countries.

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• These jobs offer better opportunities for workers, but much better opportunities for capitalists.

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• This reduces the labour share of income in relative terms.

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• **Rich Countries** - Companies in rich countries can ship labor-intensive manufacturing jobs in electronics assembly, toys and clothing to China and Bangladesh,.

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• At the same time they buy advanced machine tools and robots to do more high-end manufacturing.

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• As a result, workers in rich countries were hit harder by both free trade and the advent of cheap automation.

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 \bullet Labor wage decline can thus be linked to a combination of increased automation, globalization & development of large monopolies. \n

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Source: Businessline

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