

## **Golden-Headed Cisticola**

## Why in News?

According to bird watchers, the recent discovery of a golden-headed cisticola in the southern Western Ghats marks the 1<sup>st</sup> sighting after an extensive gap.

- It is a tiny bird, *shines brightly with its golden crown* and captivating song.
- Scientific Name Cisticola exilis.
- Discovered in Mathikettan Shola National Park, Idukki, Kerala.
- It is known as **Bright-Capped Cisticola**.
- **Habitat** Grasslands, sub-coastal areas, wetlands, savannas, woodlands, scrublands, swamp margins, rivers, and irrigated farmlands.
- **Distribution** Western Australia, north-east to Darwin, Cape York and *India* and southern China.

Golden-Headed Cisticola has been observed in parts of Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, northern Kerala and 1<sup>st</sup> time found in the southern part of the Palakkad gap in the Western Ghats.

- **Morphology** Small, sandy-colored bird with short tail, cream-colored underside and brown upper side.
- Streaks of black or dark brown on the upper part of their body, black wings, golden head, throat is white and back of their neck is dull shade of gold.



## • Sexual dimorphism

- Male Has distinct golden-orange plumage on their head, neck, and chest during breeding.
- It also has pinkish beaks and black streaks on their backs.
- Call It produces a variety of sounds distinct from other birds range from a teewip to

wheezz, whit-whit.

- **Diet** It is omnivorous, feed on invertebrates such as insects, small slugs, and eat grass seeds.
- Threats Urbanization
  - Land development
  - Changes in agricultural practices
  - Wetland degradation.
- Conservation Status
- IUCN Least Concern.
- Wildlife (Protection) Act, 1972 Schedule II.

## **References**

- 1. The Hindu | Golden-headed Cisticola
- 2. Thai National Parks| Bright-capped cisticola
- 3. Simply Birding | Golden-headed Cisticola's Threats

