

Global Credit Rating Agencies

Why in news?

Recently Fitch, a global rating agency accorded “BBB” ratings to India’s sovereign rating.

What is credit rating agency?

- A credit rating agency is an agency that assess the creditworthiness of organisation, individual or entity and assign ratings to it.
- In India, CRAs are regulated by SEBI (Credit Rating Agencies) Regulations, 1999 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.
- The global credit rating industry is highly concentrated, with 3 agencies - Moody's, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch.



What is sovereign credit rating?

- A sovereign credit rating is an independent assessment of the creditworthiness of a country or sovereign entity.
- By allowing external credit rating agencies to review its economy, a country shows that it is willing to make its financial information public to investors.
- The factors that determine the sovereign credit rating of a country include:
 - Per capita income
 - GDP growth
 - Rate of inflation
 - External debt
 - Economic development
 - History of defaults
- A country with high credit ratings can access funds easily from the international bond market and also secure foreign direct investment.



What is the sovereign credit rating of India?

- **India's Rating** - All three global rating agencies accorded lowest investment grade rating in India.
- Rating agency Fitch affirmed India's sovereign rating at "BBB-" with a stable outlook on robust growth and resilient external finances.
- **BBB ratings** - It indicates that expectations of default risk are currently low.
- The capacity for payment of financial commitments is considered adequate, but adverse business or economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity.

- **Reasons for low rating** - India is expected to face headwinds from elevated inflation, high-interest rates and subdued global demand.
- Other concerns include low labour force participation rates and an uneven reform implementation.
- The fiscal consolidation path, under which the fiscal deficit is to be brought down to 4.5 % of GDP by 2025-26, remains challenging.
- Public finance remains weak while structural indicators are lagging.

What are the positive signs of growth in India?

- **Low forex risk** - Since all debt is exclusively in rupees and even participation of FPIs is in rupee bonds the forex risk is very low.
- So forex situation in India remains strong.
- **Financial growth** - The projected financial growth is 7% for the year 2023 which is quite impressive compared with rest of the countries.
- **India's response during COVID** - The approach was more through the reform and policy route than fiscal deficits in the form of payouts, which was followed by developed countries.
- **Banking system** - It has rebounded well to pandemic period levels indicating it can provide funds that enable the economy to move on to a higher growth path.
- **RBI** - Ensured a smoother path to normalcy compared with central banks of other nations in after math of the COVID (RBI moved the interest rates without any significant impact on growth)
- **Rupee-Dollar** - Even though the dollar appreciated, the rupee always remained at the median level of depreciation compared with dollar and other currencies.
- **Quality of government spending** - Budget has increased the share of capital expenditure from around 12-13 % pre-pandemic to 22 % for FY24.
- **Rupee trade agreement with Russia** - The strategy to go-domestic is a unique model even though may be slow and time taking.
- **Digitization** - The digitization drive has brought about **structural changes** in the economy making systems more efficient.

What lies ahead?

- The rating methodologies need to adapt with the changing times.
- Global credit rating agencies have to do away with the fixed mindset policy where it is believed that emerging markets can never really move up the scale.

References

1. [The Hindu Business Line | Issues With The Rating](#)
2. [Telegraph India | Global Rating Agencies](#)
3. [Fintech | About Ratings](#)
4. [Wallstreetmojo | Picture](#)

