

Gene editing in a human embryo

Why in news?

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A Chinese researcher recently made a claim that he had altered the genes of a human embryo that eventually resulted in the birth of twin girls.

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What is the technology behind?

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- Genes contain the bio-information that defines any individual.
- \bullet The information encoded in the genetic material can be attributed to $\ensuremath{^{\backslash n}}$

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- Height, skin or hair colour \n
- 2. Intelligence or eyesight
- 3. Susceptibility to certain diseases
- 4. Behavioural traits

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- <u>CRISPR</u> (short for Clustered Regularly Interspaced Short Palindromic Repeats) technology is a relatively new, and the most efficient tool for gene "editing" developed in the last one decade.
- The technology replicates a natural defence mechanism in bacteria to fight virus attacks, using a special protein called Cas9.
- The specific location of the genetic codes that need to be changed is identified on the DNA strand.

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• Using the Cas9 protein, which acts like a pair of scissors, the specified location is cut off from the strand.

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- \bullet A DNA strand, when broken, has a natural tendency to repair itself. $\ensuremath{^{\backslash n}}$
- Scientists intervene during this auto-repair process, supplying the desired sequence of genetic codes that binds itself with the broken DNA strand.

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How useful it has been so far?

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- CRISPR-Cas9 is a simple, effective, and incredibly precise technology.
- The most promising use of the CRISPR technology is in <u>treatment of</u> diseases.

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- For example, in sickle cell anaemia, a single gene mutation makes the blood sickle-shaped, which can be reversed using gene editing technology.
- In the case of the new-born Chinese babies, the genes were "edited" to ensure that they do not get infected with HIV.
- However, leading scientists in the field have for long been calling for a
 "global pause" on clinical applications of the technology in human beings,
 until internationally accepted protocols are developed.
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What is the ethical dilemma involved?

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• **Verification** - Tampering with the genetic material can have unintended and unknown consequences.

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- The scientific community has no way to verify the claims on whether the gene editing was carried out in the proper manner. $\$
- **Precision** There is a possibility that some other genes also get targeted, resulting in unintended impacts.

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• **Approval** - In most countries of the world, such experiments are banned and are punishable by law.

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- Without regulatory approvals, there will be data and information gaps about the experiments on gene editing.
- **Consequence** The recent research has edited the genes of an embryo, which would be passed on to the offspring and make changes in the genome of the next generation.
- Thus there is a possibility to produce <u>designer babies</u> with very specific traits in the future.

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Source: Indian Express

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