

# **Elderly Health Review**

### What in news?

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• The National Health Policy (NHP), 2017 is not sensitive to the needs of the elderly.

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 $\bullet$  It overlooks the rapid rise in the percentage of the old people in the population and associated health issues.  $\mbox{\sc h}$ 

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### How does the health of the elderly fare in India?

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- "India Human Development Survey" finds that the proportions of those suffering from 'Non-Communicable Diseases' NCDs nearly doubled during 2005-12 among the elderly.
- It accounted for about a third of the above 60 populations in 2012.
- More females than males suffered from these diseases and the percentage increases with age.
- Numerous physiological changes also occur and the risk of chronic diseases rises.

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## What are the systemic issues?

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• **Systemic issues** - The health system is ill-equipped to deal with surging NCDs.

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• Our medical personals are also not well trained to treat/advise the aged suffering from dementia or frailty.

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• There aren't enough facilities for early diagnosis and management of conditions such as hypertension.

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- **Costs** Hospitalisation costs are exorbitant and the challenge is compounded by the fact that earning potential of the elderly is less.
- While private insurance is prohibitive due to costs, access to government health insurance nearly doubled in recent years.
- But its coverage too remained low due age related barriers.

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#### How can these issues be dealt with?

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- **Loneliness** It manifests in the distressing feeling due to divergences between one's desired and actual social relationships.
- Research shows that loneliness increases vascular resistance and diminishes immunity.
- **Alcoholism** Whether related to or unrelated to loneliness a high risk factor for NCDs is daily consumption of alcohol.
- $\bullet$  Daily consumption of alcohol among the aged with NCDs rose more than twice over the period 2005.  $\mbox{\sc Nn}$
- **Networking** Children play an important role in elderly support.
- Women are increasingly taking up jobs that provide them with greater security in older age.
- $\bullet$  But this limits the capacity of women & families to provide care for the older people in their families due to work related pressures. \n

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## What is the way forward?

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 Many of these chronic conditions such as hypertension can be prevented or delayed by engaging in healthy behaviours.

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- The World Report on Ageing and Health 2015 (WHO) speaks about the concept of graceful aging within communities.
- $\bullet$  This reinforces the case that solutions to the crisis of aging also outside health systems.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- From a policy perspective, health systems have to be configured to deal with not one NCD but multiple NCDs to manage them better.
- $\bullet$  Above all, family ties and social networks need to be strengthened.  $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$

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**Source: The Hindu** 

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