

# **Elderly Health Review**

#### What in news?

\n\n

∖n

- $\bullet$  The National Health Policy (NHP), 2017 is not sensitive to the needs of the elderly.
  - \n
- It overlooks the rapid rise in the percentage of the old people in the population and associated health issues.  $\n$

\n\n

### How does the health of the elderly fare in India?

\n\n

∖n

- "India Human Development Survey" finds that the proportions of those suffering from 'Non-Communicable Diseases' - NCDs nearly doubled during 2005-12 among the elderly.
  - \n
- It accounted for about a third of the above 60 populations in 2012.  $\slashn$
- More females than males suffered from these diseases and the percentage increases with age.
  - \n
- Numerous physiological changes also occur and the risk of chronic diseases rises.

\n

\n\n

#### What are the systemic issues?

\n\n

\n

- **Systemic issues** The health system is ill-equipped to deal with surging NCDs.
  - ∖n

- Our medical personals are also not well trained to treat/advise the aged suffering from dementia or frailty.  $\n$
- There aren't enough facilities for early diagnosis and management of conditions such as hypertension.  $\n$
- Costs Hospitalisation costs are exorbitant and the challenge is compounded by the fact that earning potential of the elderly is less.  $\n$
- While private insurance is prohibitive due to costs, access to government health insurance nearly doubled in recent years.  $\n$
- But its coverage too remained low due age related barriers.  $\slashn$

\n\n

#### How can these issues be dealt with?

\n\n

\n

- Loneliness It manifests in the distressing feeling due to divergences between one's desired and actual social relationships.
- Research shows that loneliness increases vascular resistance and diminishes immunity.

\n

- Alcoholism Whether related to or unrelated to loneliness a high risk factor for NCDs is daily consumption of alcohol.
- Daily consumption of alcohol among the aged with NCDs rose more than twice over the period 2005.

\n

- Networking Children play an important role in elderly support.  $\space{\space{1.5}\$
- Women are increasingly taking up jobs that provide them with greater security in older age.
  \n
- $\bullet$  But this limits the capacity of women & families to provide care for the older people in their families due to work related pressures.  $\n$

\n\n

## What is the way forward?

\n\n

∖n

- Many of these chronic conditions such as hypertension can be prevented or delayed by engaging in healthy behaviours.  $\n$ 

\n\n

∖n

- The World Report on Ageing and Health 2015 (WHO) speaks about the concept of graceful aging within communities.  $\n$
- This reinforces the case that solutions to the crisis of aging also outside health systems.

\n

- $\bullet$  From a policy perspective, health systems have to be configured to deal with not one NCD but multiple NCDs to manage them better.  $\n$
- Above all, family ties and social networks need to be strengthened.  $\slash n$

\n\n

#### Source: The Hindu

