

# **Delhi Air Pollution - Need for Administrative Alterations**

### What is the issue?

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- Air pollution in Delhi is being recognised as one of the biggest public policy challenges that India is facing.  $\n$
- However, the shortfalls in the existing mechanism and approach call for course corrections.  $\n$

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### What is the present mechanism?

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- The present institutional framework includes the government at three levels, the Centre, the Delhi government and local municipal corporations.  $\n$
- It also involves three entities on the judicial side, the Supreme Court, the Delhi High Court and the National Green Tribunal.  $\n$
- Then there are the three regulatory/enforcement bodies  $\n$

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 $\ensuremath{\textbf{i}}.$  the Central Pollution Control Board

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- ii. the Delhi Pollution Control Committee  $\normal{n}$
- iii. the SC-mandated Environment Pollution (Prevention and Control) Authority for the NCR Region (EPCA)

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What are the shortfalls?

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- Administrative The primary reason for the inability to respond in a coordinated manner is the multiplicity of actors involved.  $\n$
- Evidently, there are a number of entities working, but with little coordination.

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- There is also lack of clarity on who should be held accountable, as dissipated authority leads to dissipated accountability.  $\n$
- **Approach** There are few signs of intervention for pollution control in the ground level.

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- Most of the interventions at present lack any evidence-based approach.  $\slash n$
- There is lack of proper evaluation on the effectiveness of the efforts and measures carried out.

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- There is little clarity even on what is causing pollution in the first place.  $\space{\space{1.5}\n}$
- The studies done so far lack the quality and depth to unequivocally establish the pollution sources and their respective contributions.  $\n$

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## What is desired?

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- Single Agency A single empowered agency under the Union government to deal with the issue on a war footing is required.
- Importantly, the leadership role of such an agency should be clear and unambiguous.

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- Centre The central government control is essential because pollution is a problem irrespective of geographical boundaries.  $\n$
- Evidently, Delhi's problem has its genesis partly beyond the city's borders.  $\n$
- Also, any solution will have components beyond the administrative and financial capabilities of regional/local governments.  $\n$

• **Executive control** - The agency has to be fully under the control of the executive.

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- It should be appointed by it and be answerable to it.  $\slashn$
- There is space for judicial intervention but it has to happen in a manner that does not force initiative from the executive.  $\n$
- Judiciary The SC has shown initiative and leadership in bringing the pollution issue to the forefront.  $\gamma_n$
- But it should not take policy-making away from the executive which is assigned for that role.
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- Court's nature of intervention has to change, and it should transform its role from that of a policy analyst or a problem solver.  $\n$
- It should only be an institution that protects citizens' rights by holding the governments of the day accountable.  $\n$

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#### **Source: Indian Express**

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