

Debrigarh Wildlife Sanctuary

Prelims - Current events of National and International importance | Biodiversity.

Why in News?

Recently, the Odisha Debrigarh Wildlife Sanctuary is set to become India's newest Tiger reserve.

- Debrigarh Wildlife Sanctuary is popularly known as <u>The Land of Bisons</u>.
- It was declared a *wildlife sanctuary in 1985*.
- **Location** It is situated in the Bargarh district of Odisha.
- Rivers and Dams The sanctuary's lifeline is the Mahanadi River, whose waters are harnessed by the Hirakud Dam.

Hirakud Reservoir is a Wetland, Ramsar Site, and International Bird Area one of the largest man-made reservoirs and the longest dam in India.

- **Vegetation** It is a *dry deciduous forest* with varied flora that dominates the sanctuary area.
- Flora Sal, Sisoo, Bandhan, Mahul, Dhaura, Karada, Harda, Ainla, Bahada, Domkurdu, etc.
- *Salia bamboo* is scattered throughout the sanctuary.
- Fauna Tiger, Leopard, Indian Bison (Gaur), Sambar, Spotted Deer, Chousingha (Four-horned antelope), Sloth bear, Wild boar, Langur, Percupine.
- **Migratory birds** such as Great crested grebe, Brahminy duck, Pintail, Shoveller, Godwal, Tufted pochard and several other water ducks are seen during winter.
- **Historical significance** The sanctuary uniquely integrates India's freedom struggle history with wildlife conservation.
- Veer Surendra Sai used these rugged terrains as his operational base

- against British colonial rule, making the landscape as significant historically as it is ecologically.
- **Pilgrimage The Bara Bakra pilgrimage site** inside the sanctuary continues to attract over 5,000 annual visitors during Sankranti.
- **Technology-enabled conservation** The sanctuary is deploying advanced monitoring systems, including camera traps and AI-based wildlife tracking.
- **Dark sky tourism** Debrigarh has emerged as India's foremost dark sky destination, with around 1,000 sq km of habitation-free landscape.

Reference

Deccan Herald | Debrigarh Wildlife Sanctuary.

