

Budget Delay Part II

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What is the EC's decision?

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- The Election Commission allowed the Centre to present the Union Budget on February 1 ahead of the Assembly polls. \n
- But the EC said that the schemes related to the poll-bound states cannot be announced.

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- It added that the Finance Minister's speech should not refer to the government's achievements in these states. \n
- It also reminded the government of a **2009 advisory** which said vote-onaccount instead of a full-fledged budget is presented ahead of elections as per convention.
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- In an election year, like it was in 2009, the Government would instead present a vote on account (VOA) or an interim budget. \n

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What is a vote-on-account?

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- VOA literally means a vote on the accounts of the government. \slashn
- During parliamentary elections years, till a new government takes over, the caretaker government needs funds for various routine items of expenditure like staff salaries.

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• According to the Constitution, the government cannot spend any money without Parliament's approval.

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• Hence, VOA is taken whereby a government gets parliamentary approval to run the government for a few months. \n

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What are the restrictions on a VOA?

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- Typically, no changes are made to tax and duty structures and no new schemes are announced in vote-on-account.
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- However it can extend coverage or allocate more money to an existing scheme.

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Why VOA is used?

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• Constitutionally, there is no distinction between a caretaker government and a regular one.

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- The government could technically present a full budget. \n
- However, by convention, a government that is at the end of its tenure opts for a vote-on-account since it is regarded as improper that an outgoing government should impose its policies on its successor. \n
- Also in election years a full budget would tempt governments to resort to populism and may spend rampantly. \n
- Interim budgets have also been used by governments taking office just before the financial year begins to get Parliamentary approval for immediate spending. \n

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How is a VOA different from interim budget?

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- + VOA and interim budget are often interchangeably used. $\ensuremath{\sc vn}$
- \bullet VOA generally deals only with the expenditure side of the government's budget, whereas an interim budget includes both expenditure and receipts. \n
- Generally, a VOA is for two or three months, usually till the time it is replaced by a regular budget. $\gamman{\label{eq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{eq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{label{eq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{label{eq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{label{label{labeleq:scalar}}} \gamman{\label{label{labeleq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{label{labeleq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{labeleq:scalar}} \gamman{\label{labele:scalar}} \gamman{\label{labele:scalar}} \gamman{\label{labele:s$
- It cannot be for a period longer than six. $\slash n$

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Source: Business Line

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