

Atmospheric River

Prelims – Indian and world Geography, Physical geography.

Mains (GS I) - Salient features of world's physical geography.

Why in news?

Recently United States witnessed heavy rain, strong winds and severe thunderstorms due to a type of storm known as an atmospheric river.

- **Atmospheric rivers** They are a *narrow, fast-moving band of moisture and wind* like a river in the sky.
- It transport large amounts of water vapour.
- Occurrences They occur all over the world but *most common in the mid-latitudes*.
- **Formation** They form when large-scale weather patterns create narrow channels of intense moisture transport.
- They *start over warm water* typically tropical oceans, and are and guided towards the coast *by low-level jet streams* ahead of cold fronts of extratropical cyclones.

Extratropical cyclones are also called wave cyclone or mid-latitude cyclone or temperate cyclones.

- Characteristics It can vary in size and strength
- Width 402-606 km
- Length Can exceed 1600 km



The **"Pineapple Express**" is one of the strongest known atmospheric rivers, carrying moisture from tropical Pacific near Hawaii to the North American west coast.

- Impact While providing essential rainfall, it can also cause,
 - \circ Flooding
 - $\circ \ Mudslides$
 - Hurricane-like conditions
 - Property damage

According to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), when atmospheric rivers pass over land they can cause conditions similar to those of hurricanes with <u>intense and rapid rainfall</u>, cyclone force winds, and significantly increased wave heights.

Impact of Climate Change on Atmospheric River

- **High moisture retention** With global temperatures soaring, <u>more water is</u> <u>evaporating</u> into the air.
- As warmer air can hold more water vapour for every 1°C rise in average temperature, the *atmosphere can hold about 7% more moisture*.
- **Increase in intensity** More moisture can lead to increase in precipitation intensity, which ultimately causes severe flooding across the world.
- More frequent atmospheric river NASA's 2018 study projected atmospheric rivers becoming significantly longer and wider, leading to more frequent atmospheric river conditions.

Reference

The Indian Express Atmospheric River

