

## Asteroid Bennu

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### Why in News?

*Research on asteroid Bennu by NASA shows it contains life's basic components, supporting the idea that asteroids supplied the ingredients for Earth's first life.*

- **Bennu** - It is a small, **carbon-rich and near-Earth asteroid** that passes relatively close to Earth about every 6 years.
- **Naming History** - Originally named 1999 RQ36, the asteroid was renamed Bennu in 2013 by a nine-year-old contest winner, Michael Puzio, who drew inspiration from an **ancient Egyptian god**.
- **Size** - Bennu is very small and about 0.5 km (one-third of a mile) wide at its equator.
- In contrast, Mercury, the smallest planet, is over 3,000 miles (4,800 km) across.
- **Distance from the Sun** - Bennu's average distance from the Sun is 105 million miles (168 million km), which is just a little farther than Earth's average distance of 93 million miles (150 million km).
- **Orbit** - Bennu currently orbits the Sun between Earth and Mars, and it belongs to the **Apollo group of asteroids** (over 21,000 members).
- **Formation** - Bennu likely broke off from a much larger carbon-rich asteroid about 700 million to 2 billion years ago.
- It likely formed in the Main Asteroid Belt between Mars and Jupiter, and has drifted much closer to Earth since then.
- **Atmosphere** - Bennu **doesn't have enough gravity** to have an atmosphere.
- **Potential for Life** - Bennu's extreme temperatures and lack of atmosphere make it inhospitable to life or liquid water.
  - **Temperature range** - 240°F (116°C) to -100°F (-73°C), because there is no atmospheric pressure, liquid water cannot exist on or under its surface.
- It was the target of [NASA's OSIRIS-REx mission](#) to collect an asteroid sample and bring it to Earth.

### Quick Fact

#### Key Findings from Bennu Samples

- **Sugars discovered** - Ribose (RNA sugar) & glucose (metabolism sugar) were found, **1<sup>st</sup> time, large sugars** have been detected on an asteroid.
- **Complete life inventory** - Bennu contains amino acids & all 5 nucleobases (DNA & RNA components).
- **Nitrogen-rich polymers** - Long chains of ***carbamate molecules***, previously unseen in extraterrestrial samples, suggest a **source of nitrogen** crucial for RNA.
- **Pre-solar grains** - Dust from ***ancient supernovae***, 6 times more concentrated than in other asteroid samples, showing Bennu's parent body formed in a star-rich environment.

## References

1. [The Hindu | Earthlife is made of space stuff, studies of asteroid Bennu hint](#)
2. [NASA | Bennu](#)

