

Arrests and Detention

What is the issue?

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The recent incidents of arrests and the contentious procedure followed therein have led to various concerns.

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What are the recent incidents?

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- The heavy-handed treatment of those opposing the Chennai-Salem eight-lane highway <u>project</u> in Tamil Nadu
- The arrests of Swaraj India Party's chief, Yogendra Yadav for being in a fact-finding mission to meet farmers affected by or opposed to the project.
- The arrest and remand of a student in Tamil Nadu to 15 days judicial custody (before eventually let off on bail) for political sloganeering on an aircraft.
- Very recently, the <u>arrests of activists</u> across the country over their alleged links to Maoists.

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 \bullet All these have come as a blow on the liberty of citizens. $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\text{h}}}}$

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What is the legal mandate?

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• The power of arrest is conferred on the police to be employed with discretion and deliberation.

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 \bullet However, it is certainly not a tool of oppression and harassment for prosecuting authorities or the government of the day. \n • Section 41 of the CrPC, the law that empowers the police to arrest people without warrants, is reasonably stringent.

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• It demands that some conditions be met, including that such arrests be carried out to prevent -

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i. commission of further offences

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ii. tampering of evidence

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iii. influencing of witnesses

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• Also, Art 22 of the Constitution guarantees certain protection against arrest and detention in certain cases.

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• The Supreme Court has also emphasised that arrests should never be a hasty response to an allegation or a commission of an offence.

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What are the concerns?

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• The use of the power of arrest and the following course of events in the recent days seems to be overriding the due process.

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• The accused are being sent to custody after the police oppose bail.

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• The restrictions on bail are more severe when booked under the Unlawful Activities (Prevention) Act.

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• The prosecution has 180 days to file a charge sheet, a period during which bail is routinely denied.

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• And after the charge sheet is filed, bail is extremely difficult to secure as it is

dependent on the accused establishing his or her innocence.

• In this prosecutorial ecosystem, jail succeeds in defeating bail request almost every time.

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- In contrast, magistrates, who are empowered to refuse remand and grant bail, continue to issue orders mechanically.
- It is time to ensure that the chain of events of arrest, custody, and remand follow each other only by due process.

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Source: The Hindu

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