

Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia (APL)

Prelims - Current events of national and international importance | General Science.

Mains (GS III) - Science and Technology - Developments and their applications and effects in everyday life.

Why in News?

The new test, RAPID-CRISPR developed using CRISPR technology can quickly and accurately diagnose acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL).

- It is a rare but serious <u>blood cancer</u> characterized by the abnormal accumulation of immature white blood cells called promyelocytes, often leading to severe bleeding and clotting problems.
- It is classified as a subtype of Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML), a cancer of the blood-forming tissue (bone marrow).
- It accounts for about 10-15% of newly diagnosed AML cases.
- Common symptoms
 - Sudden bleeding from the gums and nose
 - Fatigue
 - Unexplained fever
 - Bone pain
- While these symptoms may mimic those of other conditions, definitive diagnosis relies on histopathological assessments, including complete blood count (CBC) and cell morphology.
- APL results from a genetic mutation that causes an abnormal fusion of two genes, PML and RARA, which disrupts the normal production of blood cells.
- This genetic alteration leads to a significant <u>decrease in white blood cells and platelets</u>, hindering the body's ability to combat infections and manage bleeding.
- Average Diagnosis age in India 34 years.
- Affecting Ratio Male-to-female ratio of 1.5:1.
- Severity The condition poses a particular risk due to the potential for sudden internal bleeding in critical organs such as the lungs and brain, which <u>can be life</u>threatening within days if not addressed promptly.
- **Prognosis** With appropriate treatment, APL is considered one of the most curable subtypes of AML, with high remission and cure rates.
- **Treatment** Often treated with a combination of chemotherapy and non-chemotherapy drugs like *all-trans-retinoic acid (ATRA) and arsenic trioxide (ATO)*.

Reference

The Hindu | Acute Promyelocytic Leukemia (APL)

