

32nd GST Council Meet Highlights

What is the issue?

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• The 32nd Goods and Services Tax Council meeting announced a series of sops for taxpayers in its recent meet.

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 \bullet The prime beneficiaries are the micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs), with recent changes. $\mbox{\sc h}$

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What are the key changes?

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 \bullet $\mathbf{Exemption}$ threshold \bullet The council approved doubling of the exemption threshold under GST regime to Rs 40 lakh.

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• States, however, will have the option to choose between the two exemption thresholds of Rs 20 lakh and Rs 40 lakh.

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 \bullet For the North-eastern and hilly states, the exemption limit has been increased from Rs 10 lakh to Rs 20 lakh.

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• Composition scheme - The annual turnover limit under composition scheme will be increased to Rs. 1.5 crores from current Rs 1 crore.

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• The special category states comprising of north-eastern states, J&K, HP and Uttarakhand are given one week time to decide upon the composition limit in their respective states.

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• The Council has also introduced a composition scheme for the services sector as well.

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 \bullet [Of the nearly 1.17 crore businesses registered under the GST, over 18 lakh have opted for composition scheme. \n

- Under this, traders and manufacturers can pay taxes at a concessional rate of 1%, while restaurants pay 5%.
- \bullet While a regular taxpayer has to pay taxes on a monthly basis, a composition supplier is required to pay taxes on a quarterly basis. \n
- \bullet They are also not required to keep detailed records compared with a normal taxpayer under GST.] $\ensuremath{\backslash n}$
- **Software** Free of cost accounting and billing software shall be made available to small taxpayers by GST Network (GSTN).
- **Real Estate** A seven-member group of ministers will be constituted in this regard.

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- \bullet It will examine the proposal of giving a composition scheme to boost the residential segment of the real estate sector. $\$
- Revenue mobilisation for natural calamities The Council allowed Kerala to levy a 1% disaster cess on intra-state sale of goods and services. (Click here to know more)
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- This will be for a period of up to 2 years to mobilise revenues to meet the cost of rehabilitation after the recent floods.
- **Lotteries** A group of ministers shall be constituted to examine the GST rate structure on lotteries.

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What is the significance?

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- The change on exemption threshold will benefit the MSMEs sector which is suffering from the twin effects of demonetisation and GST.
- The GST Council seems to have finely balanced the need for providing relief and the concern about slipping revenue collections.
- \bullet It has clarified that most of these exemptions will come into effect on April 1, the next financial year. \n
- So the impact on revenue collections for this fiscal year has been rightfully

avoided.

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 \bullet Significantly, the GST Council also did not make any changes to the tax rates of items and allowed things to settle down. $\$

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What lies ahead?

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• Repeated interventions in the form of exemptions and other reliefs can create confusion.

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- There are also concerns with the rising level of frauds (especially on claiming input tax credit) and tax evasions in the GST.
- A better idea will be to go in for real reforms by bringing petroleum, the electricity duty and real estate under the GST.
- This will cut out the cascade of taxes, raise transparency and widen the tax base.

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 \bullet The GST Council should now focus more on these issues so that the process works smoothly, leading to greater revenue mobilisation. \n

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Source: Indian Express, Business Standard

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